The Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED IN 1786. PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY, JULY 2, 1873. VOL. 88.—NO. 156.

FIRST EDITION.

Captain Jack's Prospects.

LETTER FROM MRS. SWISSHELM.

The Business of Pauperizing Indians.

REFLECTIONS ON THE INDIAN BUREAU.

To the Editors of the Pittsburgh Gazette:

I said, in my last, "in mine haste," that Captain Jack would be turned loose. This is a mistake. The gallant Captain and several of his accomplices will be hanged. The Indian Bureau will be sorry to part with them by such public exit, for it will make it awkward to draw their annuities out of the Treasury for more than the twenty-five years in which the proper officers will be engaged in revising the lists so as to strike their names from the pay roll. If they died of small pox, there would be no call for such revision, but a public execution would make revision regular and proper, and of course it would be entered upon with alacrity. The loss on the annuities can, of course, be fully made up on the trial and execution; but still the Bureau clings tenaciously to its annuities, and will only incur the prospective loss of those, as necessary to prevent a general break up of its very profitable business.

It will never do to let Jack escape. The impudent varlet who was not content with common legal Indian game, but must needs bring down a brace of Peace Commissioners! If it was a mistake, they wanted, by not take any one of the thousands who have gone to the frontier to proclaim the glad tiding to all sorts and conditions of men! He might have shot fifty of these and welcome! If it was simply a General he wanted to bag, there are Generals of State militia good enough for him. If shooting them had not been sufficient amusement, he might have roasted them when he and his whole tribe could have had days of jollity, dancing and delight in tossing the victims within. They might have roasted, boiled, baked, or dissected hundreds of those no-account western folks, and the Indian Aid Association would have defended the act as a national, religious right, while the Peace Commissioners would have found many implements essential to carrying them on, and the general public would not have troubled itself about their pious performances; but they had grown tired of small game and must go to lion-hunting! They will find that distinguished representatives of Eastern philanthropy are outside the Indian preserves. They have raised the question of personal protection for Peace Commissioners, and it is decided in favor of the Commissioners. There will, in the most conservative circles, be a new reading of an old law. Hitherto we have read, "Whoso, not an Indian, sheddeth man's blood, by man shall his blood be shed, or his neck be broken." This Indian reservation will lapse, for the present, to the original grantor, and the noble red man be made, for a time, to stand on a common platform with the pleasing white man who toils for his own bread and that of those copper-colored lords of the soil.

This will be but for a time, for if the Indians were left to the common working of common law, the whole business of pauperizing these sturdy rascals would come to naught. Uncle Samuel, in his character of Indian purveyor, might be unhitched from his cart load of tin ware, and stand under a tree flopping his ears, not knowing what to do next, while Mrs. Jellely, his driver, would be in as bad a fix as I once saw her, after she had fagged herself all out, and kept a whole community in a fever for weeks, during which she was robbing it, by all pious devices, of the means to start an orphan asylum; and at the end, could find no orphans. She did, to be sure, find one after a while, and as another asylum claimed him and pressed its claim, she found ample employment for herself, several committees, and a corps of paid assistants in making good her superior claim to said orphan. But the good lady, deprived of her Indians, never could find work. We might give her one little Indian, two little Indians, and a little Indian boy, and then they would be a poor substitute for the seven hundred and forty-three—more or less—nations of interesting heathen, who are to be fed, clothed, civilized, and have their independence maintained through her exertions.

What matter to the Indian Bureau that the Indians knock the head out of a barrel of flour, which has cost one dollar a pound before it reaches them, and let their ponies eat it? What matter that they do the one hard day's work of a year, rolling and carrying it to the top of the highest hill they can find, that they may start it rolling down in procession of the tribe, and shout and dance and yell to see it go bounding from boulder to boulder, the white clouds spurting out between the staves and making strange marks on the ground until it comes in a general wreck at the bottom? The flour has been paid for, the barrel has been paid for, the official verbosity and pomposity used in its purchase and delivery, all the writing and advertising, the contract drawing and signing, the recording and duplicating, and double and treble duplicating, and filing and double filing, and marking and marking again; the wagon loads of stationery and reels of red tape have been paid for. Plenty of men grow fat eating the flour, whether it be eaten by Indian's ponies or pigs, and of course we must continue to send on the flour. The folks who foot the bills never see them, and ask no questions for conscience sake.

This business of pauperizing Indians involves an outlay of something like one hundred millions per annum, and some one gets every dollar of the money. The people who pay it never ask or care who or for what; and, of course, it will be spent, year after year, to keep a few Indians, to compel the others to take their rations and promise to eat them in peace. So Jack must die to secure the safety of the men who stood out on the line and shot down the beef, pork, beef, beans, blankets and butcher-knives to Mr. Lo, that he may have leisure to play poker!

JANE G. SWISSHELM.

ZOZOSIA, June 30, 1873.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

The Judiciary Article Still Under Consideration on Second Reading.

In Monday's afternoon session of the Constitutional Convention the article on the Judiciary on second reading occupied the day, the first nine sections having been voted on, the only material amendment adopted was that offered by Mr. Kaine, extending the original jurisdiction to the Supreme Court in cases of injunction where a corporation is a part defendant, which prevailed.

The section providing for four Common Pleas Courts in Philadelphia, of equal and co-ordinate jurisdiction, composed of three Judges each, with such powers as the Courts or the Legislature may provide, was discussed, together with an amendment of Mr. Dallas contained in the Common Pleas and District Courts as at present, providing for court stenographers, &c. The amendment offered by Mr. Dallas was rejected, and the section agreed to as reported. The sections providing for one Prothonotary's office and one Prothonotary for all said courts, and providing for the number of Judges to be detailed from time to time to hold criminal court, and regulate the jurisdiction of the Courts of Common Pleas throughout the State, were agreed to as passed in Committee of the Whole. Pending the discussion upon the section allowing the accused as well as the Commonwealth in every criminal case to remove the record, etc., to the Supreme Court for review, the Convention adjourned.

TUESDAY MORNING'S SESSION.

Judge Walker, President *pro tem.*, called the Convention to order at nine o'clock yesterday morning. The Convention resumed consideration of the article on Judiciary, the tenth section, as follows: In every criminal case the accused as well as the commonwealth may remove the indictment record and all proceedings to the Supreme Court for review, in the same manner as civil cases are now removed and reviewed, but such removal shall not, except in capital cases, be a supersedeas, unless the judge before whom the case was tried shall certify the same is a proper one for review.

A number of amendments were offered and rejected, and finally the section was lost.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—General Dix has signed the Brooklyn charter.

—A $35,000 fire occurred in Farwell, Mich., on Monday.

—The value of railroad property in Ohio is $79,313,558, against $68,312,046 last year.

—A special from the Hague denies that any settlement has been made between the Dutch and Cheyennes.

—The Orange Societies of New York have applied to the Board of Police for permission to parade on the 12th of July.

—In the New Hampshire House, on Monday, a bill to allow women to vote at school district meetings was discussed and indefinitely postponed.

—Yesterday being the anniversary of the confederation of the Canadian provinces, it was celebrated throughout the Dominion as a general holiday.

—The loss of the Stonewall Oil Company on Long Island City by fire on Saturday last is estimated at $122,000. The New York Oil Company lost $15,000.

—The budget for the support of the City Government of Brooklyn for 1874 requires, upwards of $5,500,000. The rate of taxation will be about 3¼ per cent.

—Hon. Joseph H. Brooks, at the close of his speech in Little Rock, Arkansas, on Friday night, stated that he had no doubt the Circuit Court before whom he had brought suit for the office of Governor would decide in his favor, and that as soon as it did he should qualify and take possession of the office if he had to do it by force.

LOUISIANA.

Duel Between Colonel Rhett and Judge Cooley—The Latter Killed at the Second Fire.

NEW ORLEANS, July 1.—The *Times'* special from Montgomery Station, Miss., via Bay St. Louis, July 1st, says: In the Rhett-Cooley duel, Judge Cooley was killed at the second fire. The parties arrived at this place on the same train at 10 o'clock this morning. Mr. Rhett was accompanied by Messrs. Charles Roman and Dr. Burns, and Judge Cooley was attended by Col. George W. Carter and Major McRae Selph. The weapons were double-barreled shot guns, one barrel loaded with a single ball; distance, forty yards. The ground was promptly selected, the distance measured, and the parties placed in position. At the first fire Rhett's shot ranged high, and Cooley's to the right. Cooley delivered his fire first. At the second fire both fired simultaneously, and Cooley fell mortally wounded by a shot entering his left side, and passing apparently through his heart. He expired in six minutes without apparent suffering, only speaking the words to Dr. Holliday "I am shot through the breast." The gentlemen engaged in the affair exchanged the usual civilities after the second fire, and separated with the expression of mutual respect and consideration.

The Cause of the Duel—A History of the Deceased.

NEW ORLEANS, July 1.—The *Evening Herald* has the following. For several days past the community has been much excited by an apprehended duel between Colonel R. B. Rhett, Jr., editor of the *Picayune*, and Judge William H. Cooley, leading counsel in the case of Hawkins vs. the *Picayune*. The facts of the controversy will be hereafter elicited, we presume, in full. Suffice it for the present to state that on last Friday Colonel Rhett sent a peremptory challenge to Judge Cooley, which was accepted by him. The meeting, however, had to be postponed until Tuesday on account of Judge Cooley's engagement to argue the rule for a new trial before Judge Hawkins, which came up yesterday. During the course of the argument, Judge Cooley, in offering the motion for a continuance, remarked that if the case went over until Wednesday he might not be alive to argue it, and so it has sadly turned out. To-day the parties left in the Mobile train, at 8 A. M., arriving at Montgomery station about 10 A. M., where the party disembarked. Montgomery station, where the duel occurred, is a wild, sandy-looking place, some four or five miles this side of Bay St. Louis, where the road passes through a wood, mostly of tall pines, behind which is an open field. Near by, and on the line of the railroad, is a small cottage, occupied by a family, but with this exception there are no residences nearer than three-quarters of a mile. This difficulty is one of the sad results of the iniquitous Hawkins trial against the *Picayune*, of which Col. Rhett is editor. In his speech for the prosecution Judge Cooley made reflections upon that paper, which called forth an editorial in its next issue pronouncing them false. Judge Cooley then addressed a communication to the editor, calling for an explanation, which not being accorded, he followed it up by publishing a card, assailing Col. Rhett. A challenge promptly followed, and the result is now before our readers.

Judge W. H. Cooley was born in Pointe Coupee, and was the son of Judge Thos. J. Cooley, his mother being a Ledoux, also of the parish of Pointe Coupee. He was educated and graduated in the Academic Department of Transylvania University of Kentucky, in 1847, in the same year and at the same institution where Governor Voorhies graduated in law. He was subsequently appointed parish Judge of Pointe Coupee by Michael Hahn. The first appearance of Judge Cooley prominently before the New Orleans public was as a representative from Pointe Coupee in the Reconstruction Convention which sat at Mechanics' Institute, in which he took a leading part. When the reconstruction election took place, Judge Cooley, having selected New Orleans as his residence, was nominated by the Democracy as their candida te for the Judgeship of the Sixth District Court of this city, to which position he was elected, and which he maintained until the recent election, when he declined submitting his name bef re the Convention.

At the time of his death Judge Cooley was about forty-seven years of age. Judge Cooley was a widower, having married a Miss Plantrugne, who died about four years ago. His only child is about ten or twelve years old. His father, Judge Thos. J. Cooley, and his two brothers, James and Thomas, are well known to the legal fraternity and officers of the Court. He was a man of extraordinary natural abilities, and what he knew, either of law or language, came to him, as it were, by intuition. His mind, while it was easily warped by passion or prejudice, was exceedingly analytical, and in cases where neither personal feeling nor party animosity interfered to cloud his judgment, his decisions were almost critically correct. With an inexhaustible fund of humor, a keen sense of the ridiculous, and being an adept in the use of satire, he was at once a warm friend and bitter enemy. This is not the first duel in which he has been concerned. Some years before the war he met Dr. Kaufman, one of his parishioners, upon the field of honor, and after an exchange of shots, an amicable adjustment of the difficulty was made, and thereafter the parties became warm personal friends. He had a supreme contempt for shams, and was fond of lauching the power of ridicule and sarcasm against all manner of hypocrisy. He had a religion and a code of morals peculiarly his own, and with all his eccentricities was a man of liberal ideas and warm impulses. The body was brought in this city on the evening train and left at the Lusenberg hospital. The funeral takes place to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

WEATHER REPORT.

Midnight Bulletin.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
SIGNAL SERVICE U. S. ARMY.

Division of Telegrams and Reports for the benefit of Commerce and Agriculture.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD,
July 1, 1873, 10:48 P. M.

Place of Observation.	Barometer	Thermometer	Humidity	Wind	Force	Rain fall in last 24 hours	Weather
Cairo	29.81	81	70	S	Fresh		Fair
Cincinnati	29.90	79	66	SE	Fresh		Ch'dy
Davenport, Iowa	29.78	80	80	S	Brisk	02	Cloudy
Galveston, Tex	29.96	83	82	S	Fresh		Clear
Indianapolis	29.87	80	70	SE	Fresh		Clear
Louisville	29.84	79	78	S	Fresh		Clear
Memphis	29.82	84	74	SE	Fresh		Clear
Nashville		81	56	S	Fresh		Clear
New Orleans	30.05	81	82	NE	Gentle		Clear
Pittsburgh	30.02	80	70	S	Fresh		Clear
Shreveport	29.90	83	71	S	Brisk		Clear
St. Louis	29.74	84	72	SW	Fresh		Clear
Keokuk	29.74	85	94	N	Fresh		Rain

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, July 2, 1873, 1 A. M.

Synopsis for the Past Twenty-four Hours.

The barometer has risen since Monday in the Southern and South Atlantic States. An area of low pressure is apparently central in Missour and Illinois. The temperature has risen slightly in the lower lake regions, but fallen in the Middle Atlantic States. Southerly winds and clear weather are not reported from the Southern States; light winds and clear weather in Virginia and Pennsylvania. Cloudy and rainy weather has prevailed in New England. Northerly winds with rain have extended from Kansas over the lower Missouri Valley, and thence to Lake Michigan.

Probabilities for To-Day.

For Wednesday throughtout the Southern States, southern and southwest winds and rising temperature, with numerous local rains on the coast.

For the Middle States, southeasterly winds and clear weather, followed by cloudy weather on Wednesday night.

For New England, light winds and partly cloudy weather.

For the lake region, northeast and southeast winds, with cloudy and rainy weather.

Midnight telegraphic reports are missing from the upper lakes, the Northwest, Rocky Mountains and Pacific coast stations.

THE RIVERS.

ST. LOUIS, July 1.—Arrived—Great Republic, New Orleans; Lake Superior, St. Paul; Roo Roy, Keokuk; City of Helena, Vicksburg. Departed—W. D. Smith, New Boston; Julia, Vicksburg; Rob Roy, Keokuk; Clinton, St. Paul; Fannie Lewis, Missouri River. River falling slowly. Heavy rain this morning; cloudy and very sultry since.

EVANSVILLE, July 1.—Clear in part; hot; mercury 73 to 88. River risen 8 inches from Green river. Down—Phil Sheridan, 10 P. M.; Shannon, midnight; E. Gaines, 10 A. M.; Belle Vernon, noon; Tarascon, 2 P. M.; Mary Ament, 4; Quickstep, 5. Up—Idlewild, 2 A. M.; Fayette and Roberts, 9; Ada Hellman and Florence Lee, 1 P. M.; Charles Bodman, 6—all with good trips. Belvidere here brisk.

LOUISVILLE, July 1.—River stationary; 4 feet 2 inches in canal; 2 feet 2 inches in chute. Cloudy and warm. No business. No arrivals or departures, except local packets. The Lucy Bertram, St. Louis to Cincinnati, is expected to pass up to-night. The Glencoe leaves for New Orleans with a good trip.

CINCINNATI, July 1.—River 7 feet 6 inches; rising. Arrived—Charmer, Evansville; Billy Collins, Vicksburg. Departed—E. R. Hudson, Wheeling; Exchange, Pittsburgh; Billy Collins, Pittsburgh. Weather clear and pleasant.

CAIRO, July 1.—Arrived—City of Chester, St. Louis, 4 P. M.; Mary Alice, St. Louis, 5; Arkansas Belle, Evansville, 6. River rose 3 inches. Cloudy and cool.

SHREVEPORT, July 1.—Clear and very hot. River fell four inches. Arrived—Southwestern, Jefferson; C. H. Durfee, New Orleans. Departed—C. H. Durfee, Jefferson.

VICKSBURG, July 1.—Down—Henry Tete. Up —City of Vicksburg. Clear and warm. River falling.

NEW ORLEANS, July 1.—Arrived—C. B Church, Cincinnati. Departed—Bee and barges, St. Louis. Clear; thermometer 89.

Railway Accident in Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, July 1.—By the breaking of a coupling five passenger coaches of the through train from Washington to New York, last evening, were thrown from the track in this city, badly wrecking the coaches and the track, and seriously injuring a number of passengers. Dr. Greenleaf, United States army, was taken from the coach insensible.

Marine News.

LONDON, July 1.—The steamers Mosel, City of Brooklyn, City of Bristol, Columbia and Victoria, from New York, have arrived out.

SECOND EDITION.

Four O'Clock.

THE CAPITAL.

THE PUBLIC DEBT.

Reduction in June $2,145,159.

The Fishery Clause in the Treaty of Washington in Full Operation—How Public Documents are Mailed—Everything Weighed.

The following is a synopsis of the public debt statement for the month ending June 30:

WASHINGTON, July 1, 1873.

The Public Debt.

Six per cent. bonds	$1,281,228,650 00
Five per cent. bonds	414,567,300 00
Total coin bonds	$1,695,805,950 00
Lawful money debt	14,678,000 00
Matured debt	51,929,710 00
Legal tender notes	356,079,967 00
Certificates of deposit	31,730,000 00
Fractional currency	44,799,365 00
Coin certificates	39,460,000 00
Total debt without interest	$ 472,069,332 00
Total debt	2,234,482,993 00
Total interest	42,356,622 00
Cash in Treasury—Coin	87,507,402 00
" " Currency	9,783,529 00
Special deposits held for the redemption of certificates of deposit, as provided by law	31,730,000 00
Total in Treasury	$ 129,020,932 00
Debt less cash in Treasury	2,147,818,713 00
Decrease during the month	2,145,159 00
Bonds issued to Union Pacific Railroad Companies, interest payable in lawful money.	
Principal outstanding	$ 64,623,512 00
Interest accrued and not yet paid	1,938,705 36
Interest paid by United States	18,509,280 90
Interest repaid by transportation of mails, &c.	4,223,140 82
Balance of interest paid by United States	14,286,140 08

How Public Documents are Mailed.

The law abolishing the franking privilege having gone into effect to day, the several Departments have detailed men especially to attach stamps to official documents, all of which have previously to be weighed, balances for these purposes being supplied to all bureaus and divisions. Five clerks are now required to affix stamps to the dead letter mail each day, one clerk formerly having been sufficient for franking. The clerks of the city post office complain of the additional labor imposed by the weighing of public documents before mailing, to ascertain whether the stamps are sufficient to cover the postage.

The Treaty of Washington.

President Grant has issued a proclamation announcing that he has received an official notification that the British and Dominion Parliaments have adopted the necessary legislation preliminary to those portions of the treaty of Washington pertaining to the fisheries and to the relations between the United States and Dominion going into effect, and that consequently they are now in full operation.

Personals.

Adjutant General Townsend will leave tonight for Massachusetts, where he will spend the month.

Levi P. Luckey, Private Secretary of the President, has returned from Europe.

NEW YORK.

The Walworth Murder Trial—A Murderer Re-Sentenced—Japanese on their Travels—The Alleged Fraud on the Revenue Department.

NEW YORK, July 1, 1873.

The Walworth Murder Trial.

The Walworth trial was continued this morning. Dr. C. F. Gray, of the Utica Lunatic Asylum, testified to the nature of epilepsy, and said the acts committed by the prisoner, as disclosed by the witnesses, showed his case to be one of marked epilepsy. His opinion was based entirely on the truth of the facts stated.

With the testimony of Dr. Gray the defence closed their case, and the prosecution commenced their rebutting testimony.

After recess Dr. Parsons, of the New York City Lunatic Asylum, testified as to the effect of epilepsy, and gave his opinion that the facts attending the action of young Walworth did not indicate epileptic insanity.

Dr. Kellogg, of the Hudson State Asylum, and Dr. Clymer testified similarly.

The evidence was closed and O'Conor commenced summing up for the defence, consuming the rest of the day.

The Alleged Fraud on the Revenue Department.

The counsel for Duden, Freres & Co., whose books are now undergoing examination by the Customs officers, say that the charges of fraud upon the revenue brought against the firm are made by a dismissed clerk, and that the firm is innocent of all intention to defraud, and will not compromise. They also state that its purposes to meet the informer and the Custom House officers in the Courts. The only member at present in the city is a very young man, whom they recently admitted.

A Murderer Re-Sentenced.

David Murphy, for killing David Barry, was to day re-sentenced to be hanged on the second day of August. The Judge at the general term, awhile denying a motion for a new trial, unanimously recommended executive clemency.

Japanese on their Travels.

Kiyonari Yoshoda and ten subordinate members of the Japanese Financial Commission, who have been traveling in Europe during the past year, arrived here yesterday, on their way to Japan.

SPORTING NEWS.

Billiards.

NEW YORK, July 1.—Cyrille Dion has challenged Garnier for one thousand dollars a side and the championship cup. Ubassy has also challenged the champion of the world, and says he will reside in the United States from October 15, next, until June 15, 1874, during which time he will be at the disposition of any billiard player in this country for a match of one thousand points, to be played on consecutive evenings, five hundred points each evening, for five hundred dollars a side, or as much more as his opponent may elect.

The Turf.

CHICAGO, July 1.—The first race was for a trotting purse of $2,000, for horses which have never beaten 2:40; $1,000 to the first, $500 to the second, $300 to the third, and $200 to the fourth. There were nine entries and five started—Clementine, Albert, Hattie Fawcett, Chester and Gentleman Joe. In the first heat Albert came in the winner by a length, in 2:35. In the second heat, Albert took the lead at the start and maintained it to the finish, with Chester second and Clementine third; time, 2:40. The third heat was, so far as Albert was concerned, a repetition of the preceding ones, but Clementine again secured the second place, with Chester third; time, 2:41¾.

The second race was a trotting purse of $4,000 for horses that have never beaten 2:25; $2,000 to the first, $1,000 to the second, $600 to the third, and $400 to the fourth. There were six starters for this race out of the eight entries. In the first heat Hooper was the winner in 2:26¼, with Bodine second, Ripon Boy third, Joker fourth, Byron fifth, Ella Wright distanced. Bodine won the second heat in 2:25¾. Hooper won the third heat in 2:27¾. Hooper also won the fourth heat, in 2:28¾.

THE CHOLERA.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, July 1.—There were seven deaths from cholera to-day. Mayor Johnston is nearly well. General L. F. York, of this city, died suddenly at the St. Nicholas this forenoon.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, July 1.—Only one case of cholera was reported to-day.

Nashville.

NASHVILLE, July 1.—The cholera deaths in the city to-day were six; from other diseases, seven. The weather is favorable. No new cases were reported to-day.

OBITUARY.

General W. H. Sidell.

NEW YORK, July 1.—General W. H. Sidell, of the United States army, died last evening in this city, after a lingering illness. He was a graduate of West Point in the class of 1833. At the outbreak of the rebellion General Sidell was commissioned Major of the Fifteenth Infantry, and assigned as chief mustering officer of the Department of the Cumberland in May, 1862. He was detailed also as Assistant Adjutant General at the headquarters of that army in Nashville, Tennessee.

Funeral of Jesse R. Grant.

CINCINNATI, O., July 1.—There was a very large attendance at the funeral of Jesse R. Grant at the Union Methodist Episcopal Church of Covington, Ky., to-day. A large number accompanied the corpse to the grave at Spring Grove Cemetery. Rev. J. S. Chadwick preached the funeral sermon. President Grant, Orville Grant and Mrs. Kramer were the children of the deceased present.

—James Gordon Bennett proposes to offer a piece of plate, valued at $500, as a prize in a two mile foot race at Springfield, Mass., on the 17th inst., open to the undergraduates of any college or university in American.

FOREIGN.

The Bill Conferring Extraordinary Powers upon the Spanish Government Approved by the Cortes—Particulars of the Late Engagement—Republicanism in Cuba—A Town Captured by Chinese—The German Government Investing in U. S. Bonds—The Revenues of Great Britain Decreasing.

SPAIN.

Extraordinary Powers Granted to the Government.

MADRID, July 1.—The Cortes has approved the bill conferring extraordinary powers upon the Government, by 139 yeas to 18 nays.

Quiet in Madrid.

With the exception of a few shots fired into the air last night the quiet of the city was not disturbed. Only a small number of irreconcilables are believed to be in favor of resorting to violence as a means of gaining their ends.

Particulars of the Late Engagement.

LONDON, July 1.—The *Herald* correspondent at Camp Lecumbereri says that after taking Fort Irurzun, on the 26th ult., the Carlists were attacked by a column under Castanon, two thousand strong, between Lecumbereri and Jobon. Five battalions of Carlists under Elio defeated the Republicans and took cannons, baggage and eighty prisoners, including Major Ureta and one Captain. The loss of the Republicans is estimated at three hundred. The Carlist loss was nearly the same, including Majors Aspiazo and an Jurjo, and a young son of a former Minister of War. The Marquis Valdespina's brother had two horses killed under him. Dorregarray's chief of staff was severely wounded. Nouvillas' column has arrived at Pampeluna.

An Appeal to Cubans.

MADRID, July 1.—The Minister of Colonies has sent a cable dispatch to the Captain Generals of Cuba and Porto Rico. After naming the inhabitants of these islands without distinction of color, he declares that the Government is determined to maintain the integrity of its territory and appeals to the Cuban insurgents to desist from an aimless and inglorious war.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Internal Revenue Receipts.

LONDON, July 1.—The receipts from internal revenue in the United Kingdom for the fiscal year were £75,896,000, a decrease of £370,000 from the preceding year.

The Shah at the Bank of England.

The Shah visited the Bank of England this afternoon. An immense crowd gathered in front of the Bank and loudly cheered the Shah.

Opposition to the Confessional in the Church.

LONDON, July 1.—A meeting was held here last night, at which resolutions were adopted protesting against the introduction of the confessional into the Church of England. The Earl of Shaftsbury presided, and the meeting was large and influential.

Decrease of Orders for Hardware from America.

Birmingham and Wolverhamptom journals express alarm at the decrease of orders for hardware from America, and at the remarkable development of the trade in the United States, whose manufactures are supplanting those of England in the Canadian and South American markets.

The German Government Investing in U. S. Bonds.

It became known to-day that the German Government has invested ten million dollars in United States bonds, principally of the five per cent. funded loan.

Financial.

The tightness of the money market yesterday is believed to have been positively caused by transfers from the joint stock bank to the American syndicate.

WEST INDIES.

Republicanism in Cuba.

HAVANA, July 1.—The *Tribuno* publishes a manifesto of the Federal Republicans of Cuba, urging a union of all parties and calling on the insurgents, in the name of the Captain General and republic, to lay down their arms and enjoy the benefits of a republican government. The Republicans have appointed a committee to go to Madrid and represent them before the Government and Cortes.

The Political Governor Resigned.

The Political Governor has resigned, and will return to Spain.

Revolt of Volunteers.

A battallion of volunteers at Cienafugos revolted, and tried to prevent the newly-appointed Governor of the city from taking his office, but the attempt was a failure.

Duel.

A duel has taken place between the Cuban Generals Sanguili and Garcia. A reconciliation has been effected.

FRANCE.

Thiers' Constitutional Bills.

PARIS, July 1.—M. Dufaure, late Minister of the Interior, will introduce a motion in the Assembly to-morrow for the immediate consideration of the constitutional bills proposed by President Thiers before his resignation. It is anticipated that the Right will split on this question.

INDIA.

Moncita Captured by Chinese.

CALCUTTA, July 1.—The Chinese have captured Moncita, the capital town of Burmah, northeast of Ava. The place was carried by assault, and there was great slaughter of its defenders and inhabitants.

ALLEGHENY SCHOOL CONTROLLERS.

Regular Meeting Last Evening—The Teachers—Committee Reports, etc.

A regular monthly meeting of the Allegheny Board of School Controllers was held last evening in the Common Council chamber, city building. The following members answered to their names:

Messrs. Ashworth, Brown, Borland, Bulford, Blakely, Benney, Burchfield, Carpenter, Eaton, Cumming, Dunlap, Donaldson, Drexler, Hobson, Hanny, Hemphill, Harper, Haworth, Hays, Lea, Lorenz, Miller, Marthens, P. H. Miller, Marshall, McCance, Batterson Popp, Sprague, Smith, Stack, Torrence, Walton, Wilhelm and King, President.

A quorum being present, the minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

MR. MARTHENS, by permission, presented a resolution that the examination of the teachers elected in the different schools for the ensuing year be postponed until the Secretary prepare a list of the average attendance in each of the departments of the various schools during the past year, so that it can be seen that more teachers are elected than are allowed by the rules. Adopted.

Mr. King presented the annual report of the Committee on School Inspection, a very interesting document, containing many valuable suggestions and recommendations relative to the condition of school buildings, and modes of teaching. The report concluded by strongly recommending the election of a city School Superintendent. The report was a very lengthy one. Received, and ordered to be published with other annual reports.

Mr. Hobson moved that one month from the present meeting, this Board go into the election for a city Superintendent.

Mr. Marthens objected to the motion. He thought this was rushing it through. He would favor the motion when he thought the proper time and necessity for improving the condition of the schools. He thought that the Board should first adopt rules for the better government of the schools, and then if necessary, a City Superintendent should be elected to enforce these rules, but as it is, he thought the Board of Controllers were able to control the schools.

The question was then on motion postponed for the time.

Mr. McCance, from the Committee on Grades and Text Books, presented his report. The committee recommended the adoption of a regular grade for all the schools, also recommended the adoption of the text books now in use in the schools. Report adopted.

Mr. Hemphill submitted a report from a portion of the committee on Teachers and salaries, containing a resolution establishing the number of pupils in each department entitled to a teacher. After some discussion the resolution was lost.

The Secretary read a list of the number of pupils in each department in each of the schools, number of teachers employed during the year, and the number of teachers to which each department if entitled.

Mr. Smith moved that the schools be entitled to one teacher for every fifty pupils in the primary department; one for every forty-five in the medium department, and one for every thirty-five in the grammar department. After considerable discussion the resolution was adopted, by a vote of 27 in favor to 12 opposed.

Mr. Marthens presented a resolution requiring the Secretary to report the number of pupils in each department in the schools, at the end of each year. Adopted.

Also, a resolution authorizing the appointment of a standing committee to be known as the Committee on Economy and Retrenchment, and defining the duties of the committee. Referred.

Mr. Benny offered a resolution authorizing the Secretary to have cards of dismission prepared, and requiring Principals to give these cards to pupils on leaving any of the public schools. Adopted.

Mr. Eaton presented a resolution authorizing the printing of two thousand copies of the annual reports. Adopted.

Adjourned.

Insurance at Home.

Insurance in Pittsburgh as an investment seems to be very paying. Of our home companies that have gained an enviable reputation abroad as well as at home, for prompt settlements and honorable dealing, the Cash Insurance Company stands second to none on the list. Their officers are eminently gentlemen of shrewd business tact, who know what they are about. The success of the Company can be no better shown, than by stating, that out of the earnings of the past six months they are able to declare a dividend of eight per cent., or four dollars per share. Their success is well earned and me...

CONTROLLER'S REPORT.

What it Cost to Run the City During the Month of June.

The following is Controller McGowan's report of the receipts and disbursements for the city for the month of June, 1873:

RECEIPTS

Diamond Market	$ 2,568 65
Fifth ward Market	105 40
Fifth avenue Market	190 00
South Side Market	397 55
City Weigh Scales	142 37
Monongahela Wharf	1,013 33
Allegheny Wharf	301 00
South Side Wharf	205 75
Interest—Bank Balances	1,489 84
Building Inspection	604 50
Lot Regulating	10 00
Weighing Coal—Private Scales	55 46
City Tax, 1873	15,462 26
Fire Tax, 1873	4,293 02
Old City Special Tax, 1873	1,473 06
Business Tax, 1873	10,123 33
Lawrenceville Special Tax, 1873	395 05
Water Rents, 1873	9,362 44
Business Tax, 1871	97 30
Water Rents, 1871	385 54
Bonds sold, Water Extension Loan	414,400 00
Vehicle Licenses	903 75
Aldermen—Fines { Anderson	20 00
Aldermen—Fines { Logan	9 00
Street Improvement Fund	13 75
Frankstown Avenue Commissioners	3,139 84
Ormsby Passenger Railway Company	200 00
Mary Street, East Birmingham	71 72
Merriman's alley, East Birmingham	188 76
Carey alley, East Birmingham	42 82
Wharton street, East Birmingham	500 00
Sarah Street, East Birmingham	2,000 00
Walnut street, Temperancevill'e	1,032 97
Total	$ 471,339 56

EXPENDITURES.

Interest	$80,298 49
Salaries	1,258 29
Fire Department	12,323 90
Police	17,675 83
Water Works	10,669 74
Streets	13,546 85
Diamond Market	810 35
Fifth ward Market	50 00
Fifth avenue Market	138 00
South Side Market	158 33
Monongahela Wharf	143 33
Allegheny Wharf	94 50
South Side Wharf	144 76
Contingent	1,530 00
City Scales	12 00
City Property	5,693 60
Printing	843 00
Roads	3,073 66
Surveys	1,659 91
City Hall, Furnishing	394 76
Water Extension	76,108 39
Water Bonds, Interest	784 00
Street and Sewer Improvement	8,604 74
Equalization	2,713 50
Merriman's Alley, East Birmingham	188 76
Casey Alley, East Birmingham	42 80
Wharton Street, East Birmingham	500 00
Sarah Street East Birmingham	2,000 00
Twentieth and Twenty-first Street Sewer, East Birmingham	140 10
Walnut Street, Temperanceville	1,032 99
Total	$242,435 59

Balance in Treasury June 2, 1873	$562,832 81
Receipts for June, 1873	471,339 56
Total	$1,034,072 37
Disbursements in June, 1873	$242,435 59
Balance in Treasury July 1, 1873	791,636 78
Deposited in City Depositorys	791,636 78

DEPOSITORY ACCOUNT.

Freehold Bank	$263,878 92
Pittsburgh Savings Bank	263,878 93
Wylie Avenue Bank	263,878 93
Total	$791,636 78

MORE APPEALS.

Last Night's Work of Considering, Dismissing and Referring.

The Committee appointed to hear appeals from assessments of the Board of Revision met again last night.

The following reductions were made:

Wm. Ward, Thirteenth ward; from $2,500 to $1,500.

Morris McCombs, Twenty-second ward; from $162,000, to $135,000.

Jno. G. Brown, Seventeenth ward; from $42,400 to $37,400.

Heirs of John McClurg, Twenty-seventh ward; from $64,050 to $54,050.

Samuel Smith, Twenty-fourth ward; from $13,800 to $12,300.

A. Mealy, Thirty-first ward; from $1,700 to $1,100.

Mrs. Wm. Flaccus, Fifteenth ward; from $27,800 to $17,600.

Wm. Flaccus & Son, Sixteenth ward; from $12,780 to $12,030.

D. H. Fralich, Twenty-second ward; from $281,000 to $258,600.

Paul Schneider, Thirty-fifth ward; from $1,565 to $1,100.

Appeals dismissed.

Wm. Ward, Fifth ward; assessed at $11,750. Same, Sixth ward; assessed at $37,575; appeal not sworn to.

Same, Eighth ward; assessed at $41,650.

J. Minor, Twenty-second ward; assessed at $10,000.

Same, Fourteenth ward; assessed at $15,000.

James Kelley, Fourteenth ward; assessed at $3,000.

J. Minor, Thirteenth ward; assessed at $1,400.

Jno. Musgrove, Fifth ward; assessed at $5,800.

Matthew Rielly, Sixth ward, assessed at $5,100.

John Drum Eighteenth ward; assessed at $7,200.

Elizabeth Drum, Twenty-second ward; assessed at $98,400.

James McClain, Eighteenth ward; assessed at $18,750.

James McVay, Jr., Seventh ward; assessed at $10,300.

Robert Flinn, Seventh ward; assessed at $20,000.

W. C. Winebiddle, Fifteenth and Sixteenth wards;

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OFFICE: GAZETTE BUILDING,
Corner Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

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T. P. BOUTON.....D. L. FLEMING.
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OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

TERMS FOR 1873.

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KING, REED & CO.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 2, 1873.

BONDS at Frankfort 96¾.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 38¼f.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 115¾.

THE SHAH is back to London, and has visited the Bank of England. He was doubtless on a visit of business, to look after the negotiation of some extra loans.

WE ARE gratified to observe that it was not the rebel General Beauregard, but some other person, of the same name, who signed the address in behalf of the colored men in Louisiana.

ANOTHER New York murderer has, through his counsel, made the round of legal technicalities in order to avoid the penalty due his crime; but he was unsuccessful, and is sentenced to be hung in August. His name is Murphy.

"TO-DAY," the new literary weekly, published at Philadelphia, and edited by Dio Lewis, enters upon its second volume enlarged in shape and improved in style. We are informed that it already has twenty thousand circulation—a very remarkable success to achieve in so short a time.

THE recent attempt of MacMahon's government, in France, to subsidize the press, is generally interpreted as the beginning of an effort to control the public, with a view of radical and permanent change of government. The readiness with which Prince Napoleon was admitted to France, and the apparent freedom with which the Empress prepares for a journey to Paris, are looked upon as indications of the coming change.

M. M. BALLOU, the originator and responsible editor of the Boston *Globe*, has been compelled, by ill health, to resign his position. He deserves great praise for the manner in which he has performed the duties incidental to his position. The *Globe* is a valuable journal, every department showing the most painstaking care. It is not so strong in any particular department, but the uniformity of merit is its distinguished feature. It is so well established that the retirement of Mr. Ballou will not affect it, as its individuality is sufficiently stamped to be easily maintained.

As a commentary on the wisdom of the advice to the farmers West, so freely tendered, to find in home markets a relief from the oppression of railroads, we may state that in this Commonwealth Farmers' Granges are being organized. Yet we have home markets, and railroad facilities of the best description, whose charges are certainly moderate, on the average. We can readily see a reason for the farmers' movement at the West, but not in this Commonwealth. If the design is political, merely, we still see no reason for it,—as there is little prospect that the political atmosphere will be purified by merely incidental influences.

HENRY WARD BEECHER has at last clearly and specifically denied the truth of the several statements made, affecting his moral conduct. The Brooklyn *Eagle* publishes a reporter's interview with Mrs. Woodhull, in proof that Bowen had an interview with her for the purpose of securing possession of certain letters, purported to have been written her by Beecher, and which she claims furnish corroborative evidence of the truth of the charges made. Beecher, in turn, gives cordial consent to the publication of these letters—and so the matter stands. Nothing short of a thorough investigation will entirely clear up this unfortunate scandal.

THOSE who have regarded the establishment of a Republic in Spain with friendly interest cannot do otherwise than regret the present position of the Government. It has apparently lost, not merely the confidence of the people, but of itself as well. Cabinets are formed only to be dissolved. Senor Margall is full of promises which he seems incapable of fulfilling. Yet in all the dissensions and changes, nothing comes to the surface which indicates any principle, either of government or religion—and a simple lack of confidence seems to be the cause of the trouble existing. It is unfortunate, as indicating the beginning of the end. If confidence is not speedily inspired, Republicanism in Spain will prove a failure.

SAYS the *Post*, "Col. T. A. Scott and wife will shortly leave for an extended tour of the Continent on one of the Philadelphia steamships." We are curious to know just what all this means? What is the name of the continent that is "on one of the Philadelphia steamships?" Or if it is a tour on the continent of Europe, we are anxious to know just how he will manage to make it "on one of the Philadelphia steamships." We know that Colonel Scott is a wonderful man, but that he will manage to go traveling, on the Alps, for example, on a Philadelphia steamship, is a puzzle to us. As the *Post* man is evidently in possession of the secret, we hope he will have pity and divulge. We want to know.

THE project of cutting down the hill on which the Court House stands, seems to stir up the *Dis patch* and *Post* quite remarkably. They see in it danger to the cathedral, and are pathetic in their sorrows. If the cathedral is destroyed, the city will, we presume, be compelled to pay the damages,—but in this respect, while a building used for religious purposes, it cannot expect to receive more favor than is shown to other properties of like character. Whether the proposed grading will be of real benefit to the city, is a legitimate question. Whether it will, if a benefit, be of enough advantage for the outlay that will necessarily be incurred, is a legitimate issue. But no building, by itself, whether it be religious or secular, can claim special immunities.

THE Constitutional Convention, whatever other merits or demerits it may be possessed of, may be commended for the care it is taking to guard the municipalities against heavy debts. Its latest action in this direction is to prevent Commissions, which are so readily created in these days, from incurring debts in behalf of a city, without first submitting the subject to the action of the people. The Philadelphia *Telegraph* says of this: No debt whatever can then be incurred by any Commission unless the people themselves, through their responsible representatives, have authorized the incurring thereof. This in the most distinct manner confines the control of the municipal purse-strings to those to whom it belongs—the tax-payers. In a governmental system like ours, Commissions such as have been created by the Legislature are a curious anomaly, and it is not a little singular that no provision should have been made against their creation. The omission can only be explained upon the ground that so long as legislators remained true to the spirit of Republican government, such a device for evading and defying the popular will never occurred to them, or that if it did, the possibility of such device being availed of was scouted as something too monstrous to be entertained.

APROPOS of what we have written concerning the High School, it is explained to us, that the standard of examination in one particular study—history was mentioned as the one—was raised this year, and this being unknown to the Ward School teachers, the children failed in this particular study, but were well up in other branches. Presuming this to be correct, it only illustrates the bad management at the High School, where the standard was thus suddenly changed. We are gratified to learn that another opportunity is to be given those who failed, by having another examination in September. This is right and proper. We have referred to these matters on principle. The High School is practically a College for the poorer classes of people. They cannot afford to send their children to College, and yet desire to confer on them as many educational advantages as possible. Hence they economise in other directions, in order that their children may live at home, and graduate at the High School. True, this furnishes no reason why the standard of admission should be lowered, but it does illustrate the importance of having the standard clearly understood, so that no misunderstandings shall be possible. The Ward Schools and the High School should be in accord, so far as the course of study is concerned. This might be readily arranged, and this done, much of the difficulty would be done away.

THE STATE CANVASS.

A few more than half of the delegates to the August Convention at Harrisburg have been elected, and the probabilities as to the result of the canvass begin to be disclosed. There will be several candidates for each nomination to be made, and there may be something of a struggle for the nomination of Supreme Judge. Messrs. Paxson and Gordon are prominently talked of, the former having the entire Philadelphia delegation, and several other delegates. The latter will receive his support from this side of the State and from the interior counties. While the probabilities are favorable to Paxson, matters are not yet sufficiently developed for it to be regarded as at all certain that he will make the nomiuation. If the Treasurer is selected from this county, the natural effect will be to favor Paxson, although there is a growing feeling in the interior counties against the two principal cities of the State taking the two nominations. One will be very cheerfully accorded—but as there are but two State offices to be filled, it is claimed that one of them belongs to the country.

For State Treasurer, Messrs. Mackey, G. Dawson Coleman, and Henry, are the talked of candidates. Mr. Mackey has not specifically declared himself a candidate, but it is generally accepted as true that he will take the nomination, if it can be secured without an embittered struggle. The candidacy of Mr. Henry does not necessarily involve this, as he is understood to be urged by his friends simply because of their confidence in him as a man, and their appreciation of his fitness for the position. He will have a number of delegates, but appearances, thus far, do not justify an opinion that his strength will be very considerable. It will come almost entirely from the interior counties, and these cannot very readily make headway against the large cities. Mr. Henry is a capable and excellent gentleman, and his friends will give him an earnest support, but unless combinations are formed, he cannot hope for success.

Mr. Coleman is in Europe, and is not, personally, seeking a nomination. It is not even known as yet that he will consent to be a candidate; but his friends are in communication with him, and an earnest effort is being put forth to induce him to consent to the use of his name in the fight. Should he do this, the element opposed to what is known as "the ring" in the State will concentrate their efforts on him, and seek to put him in nomination. The claims urged in his behalf are—that he is a high-minded gentleman, of pure character, whose large wealth will place him above all the temptations usual to a position of fiduciary trust, and that thus we may expect the affairs of the Treasury to be wisely and purely administered. If he consents to be a candidate, we may anticipate a vigorous canvass, and probably an interesting, if not exciting Convention.

As we have said, Mr. Mackey has not specifically announced himself as a candidate. He has even said that if any considerable number of gentlemen should oppose his nomination, he will not accept it under any circumstances. It is said that thus far quite a number of the delegates elected, are ready to vote for him, but are not pledged, and the elections yet to occur may change the situation entirely. If in the face of a struggle he chooses to accept the nomination, it might be reached. But a determined effort, put forth in the interest of Mr. Dawson will, bring new elements into play, which may lead to a new combination, entirely. Of course, Mr. Mackey and friends, having the power, would not consent to Mr. Coleman's nomination, backed as he is, by the enemies of Mr. Mackey and friends. But should they develop considerable strength, it may be thought prudent to prevent a breach in the party, and hence to form a new combination, or harmonize on a new man. We speak of this only as a possibility—the affair not having developed sufficiently as yet for a decided theory to be framed upon it. Should any change be made in the prospects for State Treasurer, or should a candidate be finally selected from any other point in the State than Allegheny county, it is probable that it will change the nomination for Supreme Judge as well, Judge Paxson, in that event, not having much chance for the nomination.

We outline these items, not as favoring or opposing particular candidates. We are anxious simply that the nominations shall be fairly made, and that they shall comprise the best men available. Several weeks since we took this position, urging that, inasmuch as this is the "off year," the best nominations possible shall be made, in order to easy success. Our advice has been repeated by the press of the State generally, and we already see fruit in the character of the local nominations made. The disposition to suggest names in connection with the State nominations, leads us to think that care and attention will be given to the selection of a proper State ticket. Most, if not all of the delegates to the State Convention, are unpledged and free to take such course as seems to them best. If combinations are formed, their duty is, from the materials at command, to make the best ticket possible. If their work is well performed, we take it that there will be little or no contest in the State. The strength of the local tickets, added to that which will be derived from proper State nominations, will save us an exciting canvass,—a result to be devoutly wished.

POLITICAL NOTES.

The New Hampshire *Daily Patriot* proposes General W. S. Hancock, of Pennsylvania, and Hon. W. S. Groesbeck, of Ohio, as Democratic candidates for President and Vice President for the next election.

Among the many candidates mentioned for Caldwell's vacant seat in the Senate are Governor Orsborne, Judge Low, I. S. Kalloch, James M. Harvey, Lieutenant-Governor Stover, Sidney Clarke and James D. Snoddy.

A Massachusetts paper having proclaimed that the people of the State are not prostrate at the feet of General Butler, the Louisville *Courier Journal* remarks; "If his feet are half as dirty as his hands it is lucky for her that she isn't."

The Richmond *Enquirer* does not look with pleasant eye on the recent movement in Louisiana for securing good feeling between the two races, and says: "Let us do as we have done and as we are doing—concede to the colored race all the liberty sustained by all the law the white race enjoys—but go on in our observance of the ordinances of Deity that keep the two peoples socially separate, while as citizens of the same country, under the same government, they live together in harmony and in friendship, with reciprocal relations of interests and rights."

Carl Vogt has been remanded to the custody of the United States Marshal for extradition to Belgium, on a charge of murder, Judge Blatchford having dismissed the writs to review the proceedings before the United States Commissioners.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

OVERWORK is killing a great many distinguished men, but it doesn't seem to affect the truth of the apothegm that office-holders never die.

A GRACIOUS wedding took place at Brushall Church recently. Each of the happy pair had wooden legs, and their acquaintance originated in the Walsall Cottage Hospital, of which they were inmates.

WISE and Donaldson, the aeronauts, are building a balloon in New York city—a private corporation bearing the expenses—in which they propose to make the voyage to Europe, starting about the 20th of August.

SINCE the fall of Khiva the Government of Russia has renewed its assurances that its troops will retire from the country when the Khan has been sufficiently punished for his treatment of Russian subjects.

NEW YORK burns about 1,000,000,000 cubic feet of gas per annum; Chicago, 400,000,000; St. Louis, 250,000,000; Cincinnati, 400,000,000; Pittsburgh, 200,000,000; San Francisco, 250,000,000, and Baltimore, 400,000,000.

A CORRESPONDENT mentions the Hungarians as the finest-looking class of men in Vienna. They are considered taller than the Austrians, very proud of their personal appearance, and wear gay and attractive uniforms.

A DISPATCH from St. Johns, Newfoundland, says the Juniata arrived there on Monday, where her bow will be sheathed with iron. It is expected that she will leave for Disco in two or three days. News is expected of Buddington and party at Cape York.

THEY must have had a "good" time at a college commencement in Indianola, Iowa, last week. A girl opened the exercises with an oration on the "Congressional Salary Grab," the poet laureate of the occasion followed it up by a vivid description of the throne in perdition, and the closing speaker dwelt on the "Progress of Republics amid the Ruins of Empire."

MARSHAL McMAHON will put on a great deal more style at the Versailles Palace of the Presidency than did M. Thiers. His reception will be very stately, and he will set apart two days in the week—probably Monday and Thursday—for the social demands of the Presidency. Furthermore, he will not get up at 5 o'clock in the morning as did M. Thiers. He does not believe in republican simplicity.

ACCORDING to the London *Era* Sothern has made about $1,000,000 by leading a Dundreary life for sixteen years. When it is recollected that the character was intended as a minor one, and that his first representation of it was a burlesque of the playright's intention, made by Sothern in his wrath at having the part assigned him, it will be agreed, if the *Era*'s figures are correct, that the wrath of Lord Dundreary of 1858 was a more profitable outburst of passion than usually falls to the lot of man.

A SPECIAL from Madrid says that the present Spanish Ministry is regarded as satisfactory by all parties. Senor Carrajal, Minister of Finance, has made arrangements to pay the coupons falling due in July. The same correspondent telegraphs that the Intransigentists have made several significant demonstrations, but that the troops are in readiness to suppress any formidable outbreak. Another correspondent says that another crisis in Government affairs is feared.

THE late eminent financier and railroad man, Horace F. Clark, was accustomed to work for months in succession from nine in the morning until two the next morning, a fearful stretch of seventeen hours, with mind and body put to their utmost tension, on the evolution of some scheme full of excitement and risk. He was successful, but the play after all was not worth the candle. Why should a man voluntarily give so much toil and so much mental and physical force to the purchase of a six-foot lot in a fashionable cemetery?

HIRAM GARRETSON, whom Mr. Schultz has recommended to the President for General Commissioner at the Vienna Exposition, is one of the most prominent and respected of the business men of Cleveland, Ohio. He was among the original Commissioners who were suspended en masse by the State Department when the charges of corruption were made against them as a body. The investigation, however, proved that Mr. Garretson had no share whatever in the transactions charged against some of his colleagues, and he was very speedily restored to his position on the Commission.

A CORRESPONDENT having stated that all the public holidays of the present year were upon the same day of the week as in 1851, led to an examination of the matter with the following result: The years 1800, 1873, 1879, and the last ten months of 1884 have the general holidays and also the Church fasts and festivals on the same day of the week and month. The ordinary public holidays in the United States occur on the same week and month day in the years 1800, 1806, 1817, 1823, 1834, 1845, 1851, 1862, 1873, 1879, 1890, the last ten months of 1828, 1856, 1884, and the first two months of 1812 and 1896.

THE Irish temperance men held a meeting in Chicago on Sunday evening last to disavow any sympathy with the German demonstration against the temperance laws. There were present 500 representatives of the various Irish temperance societies, which have a membership of about 5,000. The resolutions adopted and the speeches made were very strong in their denunciation of the Hesing movement, and unequivocally oppose any repeal or mitigation of the Sunday or the early closing laws. Ald. McGrath was sharply rebuked for his statement that three-fourths of the Irish were opposed to the Sunday law, and it is proposed that the Irish and American unite to defeat the Germans in the fall elections.

PROBBE W. COUTTS, in the early days of the woman suffrage agitation in Pittsburgh lectured here, and became pretty well known. She is better known in St. Louis. The other day she returned a tax bill to the County Clerk, with the following endorsement on the face:

Paid under protest, in violation of the fundamental principle enunciated by the Government of the State of Missouri and the United States. "No taxation without representation."

PROBBE W. COUTTS.

The bill amounts to $191 62, being the assessment on 37 by 134 feet on Washington avenue, in Stoddard addition, valued at $6,250, and assessed in the name of John Mahon. The Clerk looked for the "fundamental principle," but failed to find it.

A NOVEL power has been invented, according to a correspondent of the Chicago *Tribune*, who thus sets forth its nature and merits in that paper last Saturday: "I have been shown the elements and drawings of an engine to be propelled by the combination of oxygen and hydrogen in the presence of flame, producing expansion, and of course, explosion, if not under control. This power can be generated at a trifling expense—not to exceed one-fourth that of steam. And by saving the weight of fuel, and much of the weight of machinery, with greatly increased activity of engine, the result is a great gain. The momentum acquirable in this way is believed to be such that ships may cross the Atlantic in three days or even less time. The paddle appliance is also a novelty—simple, but efficient. This power is applicable equally with steam or water to any kind of machinery."

PERSONAL.

PIERRE HYACINTHE will be back next spring.

EX-GOVERNOR KENT, for whom Maine "went" in 1840, is soon to sail, with his family, for a six month's European tour.

MR. AND MRS J. B. MCARTHUR, of Indianapolis, who were divorced two years ago, have been remarried, after both had vainly tried to marry somebody else.

MARSHAL MACMAHON has just been extremely gratified by the presentation of an address of congratulation from the people of Spa, where his ancestors lived and his grandfather died.

MR. GUILFORD OSBLOW, M. P., is yet convinced that the Tichborne claimant "is the man he represents himself to be," and that "in spite of the terrible amount of perjury he has to contend with he will receive an honorable and triumphant acquittal."

JUDGE JEFFREY O. PHELPS, of Simsbury, Conn., owns a piece of land which has been in the family upward of 200 years. It has been sown for the past 60 years, and it is a remarkable fact, that for the last 45 years the grass has not been cut and housed before it had been wet with rain.

THE Emperor of China has issued an edict ordering the Tsung-li Yamen to take into their consideration the ceremonial to be observed when foreign ministers are admitted to an audience. This is the first time the Emperor has been publicly and personally associated with this important question.

NASR-ED DIN, the Shah of Persia, is the son of Mohammed Shah, one of the forty-eight children of the late Abbas Mirza, eldest of the 265 children of the celebrated Fath All Shah. He himself is the happy father of six daughters and three sons, all grown up or nearly so, though he is only forty years of age, and they have already given him twelve grandchildren.

A HIGH-LIFE marriage recently took place in London, the parties being Lady Fanny Octavia Louisa Spencer Churchill, second daughter of the Duke of Marlborough, K. G., and Mr. Edward Majoribanks, eldest son of Sir Dudley Coutts Majoribanks. The bride's dress was of white satin, trimmed with Brussels point lace, with veil of the same fabric, and a wreath of orange blossoms. The only ornaments she wore were a necklace of pearls and a pearl diamond pendant and ear rings, the gift of Sir Dudley and Lady Majoribanks. The Bishop of London officiated, assisted by the Rev. John E. Kempe, Rector of St. James'. The bride was given away by her father.

Mr. Mill's Autobiography.

A London correspondent says that Mr. Mill's autobiography, which is singularly brief, is almost exclusively occupied with the history of his opinions, religious, philosophical and political. It indicates changes in his views and sentiments, and the causes that contributed towards those changes; and the book possesses an extraordinary and a very intimate kind of interest. Mr. Mill's autobiography will form an admirable companion picture to Newman's "*Apologia pro Vita Sua*." Mr. Mill's two other posthumous works have been completed for some time. They form the continuation of a scheme of trilogy in which the "Essay on Liberty" may be considered the first part. Previous to the publication of that work, Mr. Mill stated that it would probably give the deathblow to any influence he possessed with the general public, but the book "On Liberty" added to his popularity instead of diminishing it. He had resolved to publish the book "On Nature" during his lifetime, judging from the reception given to "Liberty" that it might have a chance of a fair hearing. He believe, however, that he could not look forward to a period within the compass of his own life when it would be prudent to issue the last of the three works, entitled "The Utility of Religion," the contents of which will, if I am rightly informed regarding them, somewhat stagger the more or less orthodox members of the Mill Memorial Committee.

"Her Mind is Gone."

A very touching case of mental alienation in a charming young lady is described by a careful observer. Not long ago her mother found her in her room energetically darning stockings, and soon after she appeared in the kitchen, and assisted that wonderful dame in making and baking bread and pastry. Alarmed by these fearful signs of intellectual disorder, her fond parents immediately sent for a skillful physician, who watched her through a keyhole while she sewed buttons on her father's garments and mended those of her little brother. Much offected, the venerable man remarked that never during a medical practice of twenty-five years had he known any young person to manifest such symptoms as these. The most heartrending phase of all, however, was shown the other day, when her kind father, with a faint hope of rousing her from her sad state, gave her $200 and told her to buy a new dress. Alas! 'twas useless. She instantly observed that she didn't need a new dress, and if he would let her keep $25 to pay a poor widow's rent she'd much rather he would take the rest of the money for himself. For a few moments that grief-stricken old gentleman gazed upon his hapless child, then hiding his face, muttered between his sobs, "Her mind is gone! Her mind is gone.

The Press.

The newspaper people of Missouri are about to turn over a new leaf in their style of conducting business. At the recent meeting of the publishers and editors of the State a very business-like series of resolutions were passed, which, if carried out, will create some stir among Missouri politicians, who depend upon newspapers for notices and puffs to hoist them into prominence and position. These resolutions set forth that a newspaper office is a business establishment, in which the editors and publishers make a living; that a man has as much right to order a sack of coffee from a grocer, a legal opinion from a lawyer, or a coffin from an undertaker, without intending to pay for it, as he has to expect gratuitous services from a newspaper; that all personal and political matter, having for its object the promotion of individual fortunes or ambitions, should be treated as other business matters; that dead-heading, political, personal and commercial, is "played out;" and that any editor who fails to carry out the spirit of these resolutions shall cease to be a member of the Missouri Association. The reform thus instituted we hope to see spread throughout the country.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

PRESIDENT JUDGE, DISTRICT COURT,
THOMAS EWING, Pittsburgh.
ASSOCIATE JUDGE, DISTRICT COURT,
J. W. F. WHITE, Sewickley.
STATE SENATOR,
GEORGE H. ANDERSON, Pittsburgh.
ASSEMBLY,
First City District,
HENRY H. MCCORMICK, Pittsburgh.
Second City District,
S. J. WAINWRIGHT, Pittsburgh.
County Districts,
J. C. NEWMYER, Peters.
A. E. YOUNG, Robinson.
A. C. HAYS, Pittsburgh, (South Side.)
B. C. CHRISTY, Sewickley.
HENRY GERWIG, Allegheny.
PROTHONOTARY,
B. F. KENNEDY, Pittsburgh.
COUNTY TREASURER,
SAMUEL KUGLER, Pittsburgh.
COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
AUGUSTUS H. BECKERT, Pittsburgh.
JURY COMMISSIONER,
JOHN MCLELLAND, West Deer.
CORONER,
WILLIAM MCCALLIN, Pittsburgh.
DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
THOMAS VARNER, Baldwin.

Observations on Life.

We have seen many a favorite son or daughter hastening to the grave under some undermining chronic disease. It may be Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, or some other malady of less fatal tendency. What are you doing for it we would ask? "Nothing," perhaps would be the answer! Why, who ever heard of such logic as that? Do nothing and expect the disease to get well? "Oh, well, some one told us it was Consumption, and Consumption could not be cured." That fatal belief has allowed thousands to pass to untimely graves. We do not say they were killed, they may not have been deceived, but there was a time in the case when it was curable. Did you never hear of DR. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE—of its wonderful powers in renewing the life and restoring the lungs? Have you not read of many who have been cured by it after all hope on life had been abandoned? Has not DR. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE, like a sign-board at the cross roads, many a time pointed you the way to a return to health and renewed life? Think of it when you are sick. Read the Doctor's treatise on Chronic Diseases, which can be had free at his medical office, 167 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, or sent to any address on application.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. M. FABER,
367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
Machinery,
STEAM PUMPS,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery,
MACHINE CARDS.
Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.
Orders Solicited.
JAS. LITTELL. WM. H. MECHLING.

OLD ESTABLISHED HOUSE.

Littell & Mechling,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
OLD RYE WHISKY,
Foreign and Domestic
WINES AND LIQUORS,
237 Liberty
AND
244 Penn Streets,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

THE
Grand Pacific Hotel,
CHICAGO.
The Largest and most Complete Hotel in the World.

The Lessees (well known as the Proprietors of the SHERMAN HOUSE before its destruction in the memorable conflagration of October 8th and 9th, 1871,) take pleasure in announcing the completion of this new enterprise, which is now open under their personal management for the accommodation of guests.

GAGE BROS. & RICE,
Lessees for Twenty Years.
CHICAGO, June 1, 1873. jel8-p78-w

NEW CHROMO.
The "Heathen Chinee," Illustrated.
Just published in Chromo No. 1 of our series of original oil paintings, illustrating Bret Harte's Poem of the "Heathen Chinee," and given to each customer by
The Great Atlantic and Pacific Tea Co.,
26 FIFTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,
No. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
CHARTERED IN 1862.
ASSETS January 1, 1873 - $778,251 56
OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and SATURDAY EVENING, from May 1st to November 1st from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of 6 per cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn, compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c. furnished at the office.
Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President; John Scott, James Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. McKinley, Secretary and Treasurer.
A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robert C. Schmertz, Christopher Ley.
JOHN M. SNYDER, Solicitor.

BELFAST GINGER ALE!!
Ginger Ale—A Summer Drink.
The Best, Mildest and most effectual Remedy known for any Disorder of the
STOMACH OR BOWELS.
Belfast Ginger Ale.
Ten Gross just received of the Belfast Ginger Ale at
JAS. E. BURNS & CO.'S DRUG STORE,
Corner Penn and Sixth (old St. Clair) streets.
N. B.—No family should be without BELFAST GINGER ALE during the summer months. jel8

DRY GOODS.
WILLIAM SEMPLE
165, 167 AND 169
FEDERAL STREET,
ALLEGHENY.
The Largest Store.
The Largest Stock.
THE GREATEST VARIETY.
The Lowest Prices
WEST OF THE MOUNTAINS.
GREAT CLOSING OUT SALE
AT
ERWIN'S
172 AND 174
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
Bargains, Bargains
BARGAINS
IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.
ALL SUMMER GOODS
TO BE CLOSED OUT.
Everything Reduced.
25c Goods Reduced to 19c.
30c Goods Reduced to 22½c.
37½c Goods Reduced to 25c.
50c Goods Reduced to 29 and 25c.
This is a long Credit Garment House, and we will offer some bargains that have only to be seen to be appreciated. Send for our Goods and Prices. We have so many good bargains that we can hardly particularize any. As a few specialties we mention
At 12½c., Brocade Poplins, Reduced from 25c.
12½c., Striped Wash Poplins, Reduced from 25c.
12½c., Wool Plaids, Reduced from 25c.
12½c., Good Style Striped Alpacas, all Colors.
12½c., One of the Best Makes of 4-4 Soft Finish Long Cloth.
25c., An Extra Good Quality of Black Striped Hernani.
SUITS, SUITS, SUITS,
SUITS!
At Reduced Prices!!
AT REDUCED PRICES!!
To close out the balance of the stock.
$5 00 Suits Reduced to $3 00
$6.00 Suits Reduced to $3.50
$8.00 Suits Reduced to $5 00
$10.00 Suits Reduced to $6.50
All New and Very Elegant Styles.
GOOD GOODS! GOOD BARGAINS!
IMMENSE STOCK!
And one of the handsomest assortm nt in either city.
A. WERWIN & CO.,
172 and 174 Federal Street.
Call soon and secure some of the best Bargains.

JOS. HORNE & CO.,
Market Street,
OFFER
Special Inducements
TO BUYERS,
In the several Departments of their Stock. Many Lots at Job Prices to close large lines of
NEW GOODS
JUST OPENING,
Neck Ruchings,
Embroideries,
White Goods,
Laces, Lace Goods,
Hosiery, Gloves,
Gauze Underwear,
Parasols,
Sun Shades,
Dress Goods,
Domestic Dry Goods.
New Styles Medium and Dark Prints. Some Extra Good Lines in
Brown and Bleached
GOODS,
Millinery and Straw
GOODS,
At Low Prices.
77 and 79 MARKET STREET.
NEW GOODS.
A FULL LINE OF LINEN SUITS.
All the new styles in
Parasols, Dress Goods,
in great variety.
LACE CURTAINS and MARSAILLES QUILTS, just received.
H. J. LYNCH,
No. 96 Market Street.

AVOID THE DANGER.
The general inquiry at this time, when miasmatic exhalations lead to disease and threaten an epidemic, is for a
Reliable and Perfect Disinfectant!
The one which has demonstrated its excellence in use, and which bears the endorsement of the medical fraternity is the
Carbolate Powder.
MANUFACTURED BY THE
PITTSBURGH TAR AND CHEMICAL WORKS,
And for sale by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists. je25
Caperton's Dining Rooms,
60 MARKET STREET,
PITTSBURGH,
Tables furnished with the best the market affords in its season. Meals from 6:30 A. M. to 12 o'clock P. M. au19-194

DRIED PEACHES.—20 Bbls. Prime Halves for sale by
J. D. CANFIELD.
116 Water street and 169 First avenue.

DRY GOODS.
WM. SEMPLE
Unusual Bargains.
Ladies' Suits at $3.50.
Ladies' Suits at $4.00.
Ladies' Suits at $4.50.
Ladies' Suits at $5.00.
Ladies' Suits at $5.50.
Ladies' Suits at $6.00.
Ladies' Suits at $6.50.
Ladies' Suits at $7.00.
Ladies' Suits at $7.50.
Ladies' Suits at $8.00.
Ladies' Suits at $9.00.
Ladies' Suits at $10.00.
Ladies' Suits at $11.00.
Ladies' Suits at $12.00.
Ladies' Suits at $13.00.
Ladies' Suits at $14.00.
Ladies' Suits at $15.00.
Ladies' Suits at $16.00.
Ladies' Suits at $18.00.
Ladies' Suits at $20.00.
Ladies' Suits at $22.00.
Ladies' Suits at $25.00.
Ladies' Suits at $27 50.
Ladies' Suits at $30.00.
Misses' Suits at $3.00.
Misses' Suits at $3.50.
Misses' Suits at $4.00.
Misses' Suits at $4.50.
Misses' Suits at $5.00.
Misses' Suits at $5.50.
Misses' Suits at $6.00.
Misses' Suits at $6.50.
Misses' Suits at $7.00.
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
STOVES, RANGES, &c.
L. H. SMITH & CO.,
190 Liberty St.

Manufacturers and Dealers
IN THE
CHILSON
New Cone Furnaces
WELLMAN REFLECTOR
Grates and Stoves,
MARBELIZED
SLATE MANTELS.
ALSO
Common Fronts and Grates,
HOT AIR REGISTERS AND VENTILATORS, &c.
The Superiority of the Cone Furnace consists in its simplicity of construction, large amount of radiating surface, ease of management and economy in fuel, saving at least one-third of fuel over the ordinary Furnace.
THE WELLMAN REFLECTOR GRATE
Has an acknowledged reputation. For Cleanliness, Economy of Fuel and Heating capacity it stands without a rival.
An examination of our stock is respectfully solicited.
THE
FIERY FURNACE,

MANUFACTURED BY
Graff, Hugus & Co.,
ALSO,
NILES' IMPROVED
Star Range.
Improved Double-Oven
BOSTON RANGE,
VAN'S PATENT
PORTABLE RANGE
Parlor and Cook Stoves,
Fine and Common Enameled Grate Fronts, Fine and Common Enameled Fenders, Nickel Plated Grate Fronts, Nickel Plated Fenders, Wash House Furniture, Wash House Stoves, Coal Hole Doors.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
206 and 208 Liberty Street
se2
THE TWO WORLDS
CELEBRATED
NAVY
TOBACCO,
10s., 1-3's and Double Thick 5's.
Warranted to be the Best Goods in the Market.
For sale only by
JOHN WILSON & SON,
297 LIBERTY STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
FURNITURE,
AT REDUCED PRICES, AT
J. W. WOODWELL & SONS',
97, 99 and 101 Third Avenue,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Manufacturers of PARLOR, LIBRARY, CHAMBER, DINING ROOM, HALL and OFFICE
FURNITURE,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Sewer Pipes, Chimney Flues,
AND
CHIMNEY TOPS.
HENRY H. COLLINS,
123 Second Avenue, Pittsburgh.
BARR & MOSER,
ARCHITECTS
HAVE REMOVED to the GAZETTE building.
Corner Sixth avenue and Smithfield Street
se2

DRY GOODS.
WM. SEMPLE
Unusual Bargains.
WE OFFER THIS WEEK AS
Unusual Bargains
IN
LADIES' UNDERWEAR,
IN GREAT VARIETY.
Black Silks, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00.
Colored Silks for Dresses in selected colors and shades.
Colored Silks, for lining and trimmings.
Japanese Silks, in checks, stripes and plain.
Rep Silks, colored stripes.
Real Poplins, various makes, choice colors.
Black Dress Goods in great variety.
Half Mourning Dress Goods, cheap.
Black Mohair, 50c to $1.00.
Black Alpaca, 25c to 75c.
Hernanis, 12c½, best colors.
Hernanis, 15c, stripe, choice styles.
Hernanis, 25c, all black satin stripe.
Hernanis, 37½c, 50c, 62½c and 75c.
Foulards, satin stripe, new.
Pongees, a rare assortment of these.
Wool Delaines, mignonette shades.
Organdies and Lawn, plain and printed.
Chintzes, imported and domestic.
Linens, for dress.
Linens, for boys' wear.
Suitings, all colors and kinds.
Percales, plain and printed.
P. K., white and colored.
White Dress Goods, all prices and kinds.
Plain Poplins, beautiful styles for children.
Colored Alpacas, in good assortment.
Mixed Goods, for dress, 11c.
Striped Poplins, 12½c, very desirable goods.
Delaines, 12½c, beautiful styles.
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.
CARPETS.
SUMMER STOCK.
LOW PRICES.
GOOD STYLES.
Mattings,
Oil Cloths,
Shades,
Stair Rods, &c.
Bovard, Rose & Co.,
21 Fifth Avenue
OIL CLOTHS.
The Largest Stock, in all widths, of
American Manufacture
EVER OPENED IN THIS MARKET.
SPECIAL NOTE.
American Oil Cloths have long been conceded as excelling all Foreign Makes, and are EXPORTED TO ENGLAND on account of their superiority in Elegance of Finish and Beauty of Design.
OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.,
23 FIFTH AVENUE.

BANK STATEMENTS.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE THIRD NATIONAL BANK, of Pittsburgh, at the close of business, JUNE 19, 1873.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts		$ 851,125 57
Overdrafts		4,830 51
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation at par		404,800 00
Due from Redeeming and Reserve Agents	$ 87,574 36	
Due from other Nat. B'ks	76,788 97	
Due from other Banks and Bankers	2,770 38	167,133

FINANCIAL.

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,

Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood Street,

BANKERS,

Buy and sell all kinds of

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, COIN, SILVER AND COUPONS,

On Most Favorable Terms.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Special Notice Loans on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

Special Attention Given to the Purchase and Sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

TRADESMENS NAT'L BANK,

Wood Street, cor. Second Ave.

Capital, - - $400,000

Accounts of Banks, Merchants and Individuals solicited

Interest allowed on time deposits. We promise careful attention to all business entrusted to our care.

A. BRADLEY, President.
W. VANKIRK, Vice President.
MYRUS CLARKE, Jr., Cashier.
aug20:65

FOR SALE,

City of Pittsburgh Water Loan 7 per cent. Bonds.

Penn Avenue 7 per cent. Bonds.

Birmingham Market House 8 per cent. Bonds.

South Pittsburgh School 8 per cent. Bonds.

AT PAR AND INTEREST, FREE FROM TAXATION.

IRA B. M'VAY & CO.,

BANKERS,

Cor. Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

Shoe and Leather BANK,

No. 14 Smithfield Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL - - $200,000.

GEO. H. ANDERSON, President.
JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

Deposits received and 6 Per Cent. Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to Collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

GEO. B. HILL.....C. HANSON LOVE.....JAS. N. HILL

Geo. B. Hill & Co.,

Bankers and Brokers,

58 FOURTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Buy and sell on commission all kinds of

STOCKS, BONDS, MORTGAGES,

Government Securities,

NEGOTIABLE PAPER, &C.

Collections made on all accessible points. Interest allowed on time deposits.

Passage by the National Line, comprising three of the largest steamships afloat from or to

London, Liverpool, Queenstown, London-derry and Glasgow.

DRAFTS payable on demand in any part of England, Wales, Ireland and Scotland, at lowest rates.

DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, July 1, 1873.

Nothing new can be said concerning the Pittsburgh money market. The supply continues in excess of the demand, and the tendency is still downward. We hear of some transactions having been effected at as low as 8 ₰ cent. for first class paper, but the ruling rates remain at 9@10 ₰ cent. ₰ annum. We anticipate a continuance of the present dullness in financial affairs until the excessive warm weather has ended. There is considerable activity in local securities just now at full rates. Real estate continues quite brisk at last week's prices. The great interest is now centered in suburban property.

The following stocks were sold last evening by A. McIlvaine, auctioneer, at his stock sales rooms, 116 Smithfield street:

Bank of Pittsburgh	71
Citizens' National Bank	71

The inquiry for loans in Chicago is apparently improving somewhat, but as the supply of funds is great in large excess of the demand it has not the slightest effect upon the market, and private business paper is in request at 10 ₰ cent., and in some instances 8 ₰ cent. is accepted, though such cases are not frequent. Call loans are being made at 7 and 8 ₰ cent. Real estate and accommodation paper is quiet and slow at from 10 to 15 ₰ cent.

The Philadelphia money market was steady on the first of July, when business and other settlements are invariably made, thus causing a heavy draw to be made upon the surplus funds available in the market. Rates are unusually low for this period, funds being obtained at 6@7 ₰ cent. on call and 7@8 ₰ cent. for short paper on discount. The statement of the banks is unfavorable, but less so than was expected, a falling off of little over $1,000,000, while the loans have been expanded as compared with the preceding week. At the Stock Board business was small, but prices rather firmer. Sales of city stocks at 100¾. Reading railroad sold at 55¾@55⅝, ex. div., an advance: Pennsylvania Railroad at 94¾; Lehigh Valley Railroad at 58; Huntingdon and Broadtop preferred at 15¾, and Catawissa preferred at 47¾, an advance; 32 was bid for Catawissa new preferred; 46 for North Pennsylvania; 121 for the United companies of New Jersey, and 30¾ for Lehigh Navigation.

The St. Louis Globe says: Bank rates of discount are easy, with 8@9 per cent. on acceptable paper quoted. In Wall street the principal feature the figures first named. On the street money is plenty and rates quoted at 10 to 12 per cent., generally 10. Call loans are quiet at about 8 per cent.

The Boston Globe says: Call loans, as before, are quoted at 6 per cent., and the leading banking houses are unwilling to receive funds on deposit at over 5. On mercantile paper the range is unchanged from before, very few, even the best grades being made below 6¾ ₰ cent., while against names not of the first class 8 ₰ cent. and less well known varieties still higher.

The imports at Boston for May were to the amount of $6,322,645, and the exports to the amount of $2,396,981. For the five months of the year the amount of the imports has been $22,022,622 less than in corresponding time last year. The exports for the same time are $4,670,024 greater.

The funded debt of the city of Philadelphia on the 1st of January, 1873 was $46,405,941, and the total liabilities to the same time were $53,554,941. The increase in the year 1872 was $4,367,000.

NEW YORK, July 1, 1873.

Money was easy most of the week at 6 per cent. but advanced to 7 toward the close, the result of the shifting of loans consequent upon July disbursements. The high rate can be only temporary, as the money recently called must quickly return to the street. Sterling exchange is steady for sixty days, and 109@110¼ for sight. The exports for prods o for the week were $[illegible] and the imports $[illegible]. Specie in the banks declines. Loans were 1@2 per cent. Clearings $96,000,000. The Treasury disbursements were $[illegible], mostly interest. Bonds were inactive but closing strong. State bonds were generally dull. Pacific Mail was active, but weak, and sold strong. Pacific 6s of 1895 sold at 109¾@110. Union Pacific was a so active, but was very weak in the forenoon, the stock breaking from 88¾ to 86¾ and the first mortgage bonds, against which the land injunction had been procured by the Attorney General, from 85 to 80¾. The announcement that the interest would be paid on Thursday on all bonds for land sales, and on Friday on the eastern div. of Credit Mobilier operations ultimate prevented a further decline. Lake Shore was strong on a report that W. H. Vanderbilt is to be President, and a advance from 94 to 95¾. Mississippi central was very weak, and declined from 81 to 68, on a report that the directors voted to open the books for the issue of 2,000 shares. Erie was weak in the Western Union, 84¾ and 84¾; Northwestern 71¾, 71¾ and 71¾; New York Central, 103¾ and 103¾; Rock Island, 108¾; Ohio and Mississippi, 28¾; Fort Wayne, 101¾; Chicago and Pacific 30 and 30¾. The whole market closed strong.

GOVERNMENTS.—U. S. coupons of 1881, 119⅝@120 of '62, 118¾@ do '64, 118¾@ do '65, 117⅝; do '65 new, 118¼; do '67, 118¾; do '68, 118¾; 10-40s, 116¾@116¾; currency 6s, 124½.

STATE BONDS.—Tennessee 6s, 71¾; Virginia new 6s, 70; do old, 63; North Carolina old, 39½; do new, 39.

STOCKS.—Western Union Telegraph, 84¾@84¾; Quicksilver, 38; Adams Express 93½; do preferred, 98; American Express, 61¾; United States Express, 61¾; New York Central, 103¾; Erie, 62¾; do preferred, 72¾; Harlem, 124½; do preferred, 130; Michigan Central, 98½; Fort Wayne & Chicago, 97¾; Northwestern, 71¾; do preferred, 80; Rock Island, 108¾; Ohio and Mississippi, 28¾; Toledo, 103¾; do preferred, 112; Toledo & Wabash, 40¾; do preferred, 72¾; Toledo & Wabash, 69¾; do preferred, 95; Fort Wayne, 93; Terre Haute, 11; do preferred, 30; Pacific Mail, 94¾; do preferred 109; Ohio & Mississippi, 28; Panama, 28; Illinois Central, 130; Union Pacific, 86¾; Land Grants, 30¾; Sinking Fund, 81; Delaware & Lackawanna, 90¾; Hartford & Erie, 7¾; Boston, 108, 108.

LONDON, July 1.—5 P. M.—Consols for money 93⅝@93⅞; for account 93⅝@93¾. American securities: Five-twenties of 1862, old, 90¾@91; new, 89¾@90; Erie Railway bonds, 40¾. The amount of bullion withdrawn from the Bank of England on balance today was £40,000. The rate of discount of three months' bills in open market is 3⅝ ₰ cent. below the Bank rate. The announcement of a decline in the British rate fastens the market for securities, and it is probable that further reductions will occur.

FRANKFORT, July 1.—United States bonds, 5-20's, 99¾.

PARIS, July 1.—Rentes 58f 75c.

COMMERCIAL.

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, July 1, 1873.

The market in a general way continues very quiet, and presents but little that is really new or important. The demand for all the leading commodities is light, and restricted mainly to supplying immediate wants, while prices generally have undergone no quotable change.

APPLES—Green Apples are in light supply and higher, but the demand is very meagre; we advance our quotations to $3@4 ₰ bbl for common to good, and $7 for choice.

BUTTER—The market continues quiet, and prices are without quotable change; 9@10c for common to fair, and 12@13 for prime to choice.

BEANS—Dull: $1.30@1 ₰ bushel.

BROOMCORN—In less a inquired, but prices are still maintained, ranging from 8@8c ₰ lb. the outside figure for hurl.

CHEESE—Is rather firmer under the influence of more favorable advices from New York, where prices have advanced, a full cent per lb within the past few days, and the exports from that port last week are reported at 90,000 boxes, the largest shipments, with a single exception, ever made in one week. There has been no advance in our market as yet, and we continue to quote prime Ohio factory at 11c to the trade, and 12@13c in a jobbing way.

COUNTRY BACON—Dealers all agree in reporting a very dull market, and hence, notwithstanding stocks are small, prices are weak and nominal at 5@5¼ for shoulders, 7@7¼ for Clear Sides, and 8@9 for Hams. Country Lard, 7¼@8.

DRIED FRUIT—There is rather more inquiry for Peaches, mainly, we should judge, on speculation, as it seems to be generally conceded that the Fruit crop will be a light one. Prime halves quotable at 6¼@7c. Apples dull and nominal at 2½@3¾.

RICE—The demand is only fair, but with continued light receipts, stocks are comparatively light, and sellers generally are bullishly inclined; quotations may be fairly given at 15@16c, as to quality and condition—the bulk of the sales were at 15.

FLOUR—The market continues quiet, and prices remain unchanged ; $7@7.50 for fair to choice spring wheat flours, and $8.75@8.50 for red winter wheat. Rye Flour, $5.25@5.50.

GRAIN—There is but little doing in Wheat, the market is quiet and unchanged; common to prime red winter may be quoted at $1.45@ $1.55. The Oat market is rather firmer, and notwithstanding the receipts are liberal the general market is well stocked, prices are well sustained; good mixed may be fairly quoted at 42@44c, and prime white at 45@46—as yet there have been but few sales at the outside quotation. Shelled Corn is quiet and nominally unchanged at 48@50 on track, and 52@53 from store. Barley Corn is in light supply but there is not much call for it; 2@37c in bulk. Rye continues dull and nominal at 75@80.

GROCERIES—Trade is slow and is likely to continue so during the next thirty days; the crop of sugars is coming forward in such unusually small this year, hence, there will be a large falling off in the consumption of Sugars and this is not without its effect in keeping down prices. The New York Mercantile Journal in commenting on the grocery trade, says: "There is a dull market, as it usual at this season of the year, but aside from this there is a feeling of depression and headiness, consequent upon the small quantities of goods entering into the general distributive trade and consumption of the entire country. The prime price of produce, the high rates of freight, and the continued disposition to keep up the price of many articles of prime necessity are the cause of the prevailing inactivity and indisposition to operate except to supply immediate needs."

COFFEE—Choice Rio cost to Prime, 22@23¾c. fair 21@22¼c. Old Government Java, 28c; other Java, 26@27c. Rouged Rio, 19 packages, 28c; loose, 27½c. Roasted Java, 33c.

SUGARS—Patent Cut Loaf, 12¾c; Crushed, Granulated and Powdered, 11¾; Standard A, 10¾; B 10¾; Ex. C, 10¼; C, Yellow, 10¾; Circle C, 10¼; Lower grades, 9@10.

SYRUPS—White Drips, 65; other grades ranging from 60 to 65, as to quality.

RICE—Choice Carolina, 9; prime, 8¾; Patna, 8@ 8¼; Rangoon, 7¼@8.

MOLASSES—Choice New Orleans, 75@75c; Prime 70@72c.

HAY—There is rather more inquiry for baled hay, and the market in consequence is a shade firmer, but there is no quotable change to make in prices; $18@25 per ton, according to quality and condition.

POTATOES—New crop were in rather better supply to day, and in consequence ruled about 50c ₰ bbl, lower. Sales were reported at 48 @50c. Seconds and common very scarce, and prices are still maintained. $1.75@2 per bush.

POULTRY—Young or Spring chickens are quoted at 30 to 40 cents, and old ones at 70 to 80 per pair, according to size.

PROVISIONS—Extra Sugar cured Hams, 9 lb. 14¼c., Ex. Sugar Cured Shoulders, 9¼c; Sugar cured Breakfast Bacon, 12¾c. Extra Sugar Cured Dried Beef, 13c. Beef tongues, $7.50 ₰ dozen. Bacon Soonlders, per lb. 8¾c. Bacon Rib Sides, 9¾c. Bacon Short Rib Sides 10c. Bacon Clear Rib Sides, 10¾c. Mess Pork, $17.00 per bbl. Prime Leaf Lard, in tres, 9¾c. Refined for summer use, in tres, 9½c. Do, half bbls, 10¼c ; Do. kits, 10c. In 3 lb. tinpails, 12¾c. Do 5 lb tinpails, 12¾c. Do. in 3 lb. pails 13¾c. do. Do 5 lb tinpails, 13. Refined Lard for summer use, in tres, 9½c. Do, half bbls, 10¼c ; Do. kits, 10c. In 3 lb. tinpails, 12¾c. Do 5 lb tinpails, 12¾c. Do. in 3 lb. pails 13¾c. do. Do 5 lb tinpails, 13.

RAGS—Quoted at 3¼@3½c.

SEEDS—Timothy seed continues scarce and sells readily at $2.10@2.12½ per bushel.

WHISKY—Highwines quotable at 93@94c per gallon.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, July 1, 1873.

The Crude market, notwithstanding there is no apparent falling off in the demand, continues weak, and prices have still further declined; quoted at Parker to-day at $[illegible] per bri equal to about 5½c per gallon delivered here. This is the lowest point it has touched for sometime, and, so far as we can learn, there is nothing to prevent further decline; however. It was thought when it had got down to two dollars that it had certainly reached bottom, but, as we have already stated, the downward course has not yet been arrested. Whether the production is falling off or increasing is a disputed point, but it must be conceded that the production is in excess of the consumption. Refined is also weak and drooping, quotable at 8@8½c free on cars here, and 8¾@9 delivered in Philadelphia.

There is a steady demand for Oil Barrels, and prices are fully maintained; countries, $2.15; and plank, $2.25.

REFINED OIL SHIPPED EAST A. V. R. R. & W. P. R. R.

Shipper.	Consignee.	bls.
Citizens' O. W.	Tack Bros., Phila.	1,150
H. L. H. Stewart	John P. Agnew	50
Wormser, M & Co.	John P. Logan	230
Central Ref. Co.	John P. Logan	1,298
J. A. McKee & Son	John P. Logan	250
P. Weisenberger	Warden F & Co.	50
Lockhart & Frew	Warden, F & Co.	60
Livingston Bros.	Warden, F & Co.	40
Standard Ref. Co.	Warden F & Co.	933
Bruin & Wagner	Waring & King	284
L. Irving & Co.	Waring & King	414
Total		5,516

Colorado and New Mexico Sheep and Wool Markets.

The Rocky Mountain News, of recent date, has a brief article referring to the importance of Denver as a sheep and wool market. It says:

The commerce of all this mountain and prairie region, either direction for five hundred milesis longo to Denver by right, and in this case the right will prevail. Here the sheep owners of New Mexico, four and five hundred miles to the south of us, find a market for their surplus and the vast amount of wool which they yield. Some idea may be gained of the magnitude of this industry and of its relation to Denver by reference to the New's advertising column. Benito Baca and C. C. Armijo, both owners of countless thousands of Mexican sheep, are here now for the purpose of marketing their herds, and other extensive receivers than these. Mr. John Evans, of Fort Bascomb, New Mexico, is en route to Denver with 20,000 wethers. Not less than 300,000 head of sheep will be sold on the Denver market within a week or ten days.

California Wool Clip.

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Receipts Pig Metal, Ore and Blooms.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.

Lewis & Co.	6	Isabella Furnace.	9
Shoenberger B & Co.	10		
Total	16		

PENN'A. CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Nimick & Co.	3	J W Porter.	4
Caughey & H b.	1		
Total	15		

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, P. R. R. LESSEE.

J Reamer.	3	J W Porter.	4
Lesonia & Co.	2	Nimick & Co.	14
Total	5		23

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, July 1.—Cotton quiet at 21c. Flour: limited demand; superfine western and state $4.70@ 5.20; common to good $5.70@6.20; good to choice $6.25 @7. Wheat steady; No. 2 red winter, $1.45@1.46; No. 1 white, $1.58@1.58½; No 2 do $1.52@1.52; No 1 do $1.45 @1.47. Rye declining at 81c. Barley and Malt unchanged. Corn active and higher; steamer western mixed 53@53½c; yel ow western 54@55c; white western 56@56c; black 49@50c. Hay scarce at $20@30. Coffee quiet; Rio 17½@19c. Sugar dull at 9@9¾c. Rice quiet at 7¾@8½c. Petroleum crude 9c; refined 18½c. Turpentine dull at 47½@48c. Pork dull and unchanged. Lard quiet and unchanged. Cut meats quiet. Middles: long clear 8¾@8¾; short clear 9¾. Lard lower; western steam 9 3-16@9¼; kettle 9½@9¾. Whisky steady; sales of 200 bbls at 92c. Freights to Liverpool: Cotton, 9-32d; corn, 7d; wheat, 9d.

CHICAGO, July 1.—Pork quiet and nominal. Lard steady at $4.25@4.30; seller July $4.15@4.20; seller August $4.25@4.30. Bulk meats steadier; short rib middles 5¾c. Freights quiet. Receipts—Flour 8,000 bbls; wheat, 7,000 bushels; corn 70,000 bushels; oats, 30,000 bushels; rye, 1,000 bushels; barley, 31,000 bushels. Shipments: 5,000 barrels flour; 25,737 bushels wheat; 44,000 bushels corn; 1,000 bushels oats.

LONDON, July 1.—sugar 36 6@37s. Refined petroleum 14d.

LIVERPOOL, July 1.—Cotton fair; middling upland 9½@9¾; Orleans 9¾@9¾; sales of 10,000 bales, of which 3,000 were for speculation and export; Indian and American unchanged. Wheat 1@2d lower; California white wheat, club, 12s 4d; red spring 10s 9@11s 9d; red winter 10s 9@11s 3d. Corn 25s 3d. Peas 36s 3d. Pork 77s 6@82s. Lard 40s 6d. Bacon 36s 6d. Receipts of wheat for the past three days 24,000 quarters; American 14,000.

SAVANNAH, July 1.—Refined petroleum 38½c.

CLEVELAND, July 1.—Wheat dull; No 1 red $1.39@ 1.51; No 2 do $1.35@1.37. Oats steady at 40c. Pork firm and lower at 14½c for standard Mess; $13.50@14 for family. Lard 9½c.

CINCINNATI, July 1.—Cotton dull at 19c. Flour quiet; $6.50@7.50. Wheat quiet; $1.29@1.30. Rye quiet at 75c. Corn firm; held at 46c. Oats firm. Eggs quiet at 13c. Pork firm; held at 14c. Lard quiet and nominally unchanged. Bulk meats strong; shoulders 6¾ @6¾c; clear rib sides 8½@; clear sides 8¾c. Bacon strong at 7¾, 8¾@9½c. Whisky steady at 92c.

BALTIMORE, July 1.—Flour and Wheat unchanged. Corn active at 51c. Oats firm at 46@46c. Rye quiet and unchanged. Provisions firm. Mess pork at $16.50@17. Bacon: shoulders 8@8½c; rib sides 9½c; clear rib sides 10c. Hams, Lard and Butter unchanged. Whisky 94c.

TOLEDO, July 1.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull; No 1 red $1.34; No 2 do $1.25; No 2 amber $1.30. Corn a shade higher; low mixe 39@40; yellow 42c; white 46c. Oats quiet and lower; No 1 37½c; No 2 32½c.

MILWAUKEE, July 1.—Flour steady at $5.75@6.50. Wheat firm; No 1 Milwaukee $1.20; No 2 do $1.10@ 1.11; active; No 2 spring $1.09; No 3 do 97c. Corn firm; No 2 mixed 33c. Rye steady; No 2 42½c. Barley dull and nominal; No 2 82c.

NASHVILLE, July 1.—Cotton quiet at 15¾@15¾c. Flour dull at $7.00@7.50. Wheat firm at $1.40@ 1.50. Corn steady at 38@42c. Oats active at 43@46c. Rye and rye quiet and unchanged. Whisky steady at 90@92c. Provisions quiet and unchanged.

NEW ORLEANS, July 1.—Cotton quiet; sales of 1,300 bales; good ordinary 15¾c; low middling 17¾c; middling 18¾c; middling fair 19¾c; receipts 2,200 bales; no exports; stock 50,729.

MEMPHIS, July 1.—Cotton active at 16@17¾c. Receipts 184 bales; shipments 184; receipts 239 bales; no exports; stock 30,729.

PHILADELPHIA, July 1.—Flour declining; superfine $4.25@4.50. Wheat firmer, but not quotably higher. Rye steady at 65c. Corn steady; yellow 50@ 56c. Oats active; white 45@46c. Whisky 92@93c.

LIVE STOCK.

BUFFALO, July 1.—Cattle—Receipts for the week thus far 6,670; market opened slow at about last week's closing prices, and closed weak; selling 1,000 head of which was not obtained; quality inferior: about 1,000 head of sales of 900 to 1,000 steers, $5.00 to 5.35; 75 Michigan steers, 1,022 lb, 1,251 lbs, $5.50@5.65; 97 Indiana steers, 1,112 lbs to 1,250 lbs, $5.50@5.65; 100 Texas heifers, 1,113 lbs, $5.15; 32 Ohio heifers, 961 to 1,177 lbs, $4.75@5.25. Sheep and lambs; receipts thus far 4,800; market not fairly opened. Hogs: receipts thus far 1,200; market opened dull and slow at $4.75@4.90; sales of 800 Illinois hogs, 188 lbs, $4.80.

DRY GOODS.

NEW YORK, July 1.—Business was slow with manufacturers' agents, but some California and far-West buyers are beginning to operate for the fall. The jobbing trade is quiet and prices generally steady at onc'as gd prices. Heavers are in good demand and light supply. Cheviolles are scarce. Prints are quiet and unchanged. Ginghams are improved request by clothiers. Jeans and sackings dull. Prints are quiet. Imported goods are inactive.

PITTSBURGH TAR CHEMICAL WORKS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Pitch, Iron and Asphalt Varnish, Carbolate Powder, the Universal Disinfectant—Carbolic Acid, Crude Acid Purified Benzoles, and other Products of Coal Tar.

Office No. 69 FIFTH AVENUE, UP STAIRS. Works—Adjoining the Gas Works, Allegheny.

RIVER NEWS.

The river continues to rise slowly with 4 feet 2 inches in channel; as the recent rains seem to have been general, and as both the Allegheny and Monongahela rivers are reported rising at headwaters, a fair stage of water here is expected within the next 24 hours.

The Exchange was to have left Cincinnati for this port last evening, with a good trip.

The Juniata, Capt. Brennan, will commence loading for Cincinnati to-day. She will receipt passengers and freights through to all points South, and may continue her trip to St. Louis.

The following boats will be the first to reach this port: Mollie Ebert, John A. Wood, Simpson Horner, Grand Lake No 2, Smoky City, Irondsides, John Gilmore, Wild Duck and Alice Brown. These boats were all laid up at different points between here and Cincinnati waiting for water.

The Iron towboat Alex. Swift was to have left Cincinnati yesterday for Steubenville, with a tow of empty barges.

The Arlington is being overhauled at Cincinnati under the Superintendance of Captain Dan. Moore.

Work will be commenced on Capt. Darragh's new sternwheeler at once.

A new automatic lifeboat, similar to those on Capt. Pepper's Thompson Dean, was experimented with at New Orleans last Tuesday. The Times says:

Accordingly as the hour for its trial approached, a few young men got into the boat and went out twenty yards beyond the ferry wharf, and immediately capsized the boat, which turned over the same as a barrel would, and as fast as the water would come in on its side while it tilted it would drain out when the boat righted itself. This lifeboat is twenty feet in length, five feet beam, and is constructed of five eighth inch iron; will carry forty or fifty people very comfortably. Mr. Hamilton of The New York Mercantile Journal in commenting on the grocery trade, says: "There is a dull market, as it is usual at this season of the year, but aside from this there is a feeling of depression and heaviness, consequent upon the small quantities of goods entering into the general distributive trade and consumption of the entire country. The prime price of produce, the high rates of freight, and the continued disposition to keep up the price of many articles of prime necessity are the cause of the prevailing inactivity and indisposition to operate except to supply immediate needs."

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BALTIMORE, July 1.—Flour and Wheat unchanged. Corn active at 51c. Oats firm at 46@46c. Rye quiet and unchanged. Provisions firm. Mess pork at $16.50@17. Bacon: shoulders 8@8½c; rib sides 9½c; clear rib sides 10c. Hams, Lard and Butter unchanged. Whisky 94c.

TOLEDO, July 1.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull; No 1 red $1.34; No 2 do $1.25; No 2 amber $1.30. Corn a shade higher; low mixe 39@40; yellow 42c; white 46c. Oats quiet and lower; No 1 37½c; No 2 32½c.

MILWAUKEE, July 1.—Flour steady at $5.75@6.50. Wheat firm; No 1 Milwaukee $1.20; No 2 do $1.10@ 1.11; active; No 2 spring $1.09; No 3 do 97c

HOME NEWS.

Summer Changes.

Any of our Readers who may desire to have their DAILY GAZETTE mailed to their address out of town, during the summer months can be accommodated by leaving their names at our business office. Send to any address for SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS a month.

Alleged Felonious Assault.

James McNally, before Deputy Mayor Irwin, charges James O'Rourk with felonious assault and battery. He alleges that on Sunday last defendant stabbed him without cause or provocation. A warrant was issued for O'Rourk, but he cannot be found.

Alleged Embezzlement.

James Getty, Jr., yesterday appeared before Alderman McMasters and made an information, charging John Anderson, a resident of Ohio, with embezzling three hundred and fifty dollars, which he collected as the agent of Mr. Getty in this State and elsewhere. A warrant was issued for his arrest.

Letters Held for Postage.

Samuel Dittie, Cullensburg, Pa., 3c; John D. C. Duncan, Cockeysville, Md., 3c. Thomas Gallagher, Johnstown, Pa., 1c, Mrs. Mary Ghealy, Rossville, N. Y., 3c; Rev. J. D. Gill, Oil City, Pa., 1c; M. B. Mitchell, White Ash, Pa., 3c; Miss Maggie E. McGinis, Millerville, Pa., 3c; Mrs. Mary J. McGinnis, Phillipsburg, Pa., 3c; Mrs. Margaret Overien, New York city, 1c; Parkham & Cope, Connellsville, Pa.,; 1c; Mrs. Hannah Russell, Cullensburg, Pa., 3c Miss Ellen Thompson, Allegheny city, Pa., 3c.

A Hoax.

Yesterday Chief of Police Irwin received a dispatch from Connellsville, requesting him to send Officer Timmony up, as Lieut. M. V. B. Hazen, formerly a member of the police force of this city, was mortally wounded. Another telegram stated that Hazen had died of his wounds, but subsequent dispatches were to the effect that he was all right and on duty. What the object could have been in perpetrating such a joke it is impossible to say, and it can only be conjectured that the person who sent the telegrams might have been suffering from frequent "shots in the neck"?

European Steamship Arrivals Yesterday.

A dispatch received at Max Schamberg's European Steamship and Telegraph office, at No. 163 Smithfield street, announces the arrival of the Inman line steamer City of Paris, at New York; Anchor line steamer Anglia, at New York; N. G. Floyd line steamer Mosel, at Southampton; Inman line steamer City of Brooklyn, at Queenstown; Anchor line steamer Columbia, at Moville; Inman line steamer City of Bristol, at Queenstown; steamer Sidonian at New York; steamer St. Thomas at Liverpool.

Road Committee.

A meeting of the Road Committee of Councils was held yesterday afternoon in the City Clerk's office. The members present were Messrs. Lanham, Scully, Thompson, Fleming, Frew and Jones.

On motion of Mr. Scully the Road Commissioner was instructed to place the approaches to Lydia and Hazelwood avenues in an accessible condition; he was also requested to notify all property owners to at once repair all board walks or to have the work done himself and collect the costs.

A petition was presented for a board walk on Allequippa street in the Twenty-first ward, and an ordinance was ordered to be drawn up for it, also for a sewer on Brady street from Second avenue to connect with the culvert at Fifth avenue.

A remonstrance against the board walks on Homewood avenue was received and filed. The assessments of Sylvan and Greenfield avenues, and of Sylvan avenue extension, were presented and approved.

The contract for the grading, paving and curbing of Hope street was awarded to J. J. Booth.

Counterfeit Nickels.

Counterfeit nickels are circulating quite extensively in the Ninth ward, children being made the means of shoving them upon the public.

As leaden five cent pieces were traced through little boy to a molder, named Kurst, who left on Sunday last, saying he was going to Philadelphia. He boarded with a Mrs. Driscoll, who lives in a court on Pike street, between Fourteenth and Fifteenth streets. One of her children, a lad of seven years, was one of Kurst's agents in circulating the counterfeit coins. A little boy named Long was detected attempting to pass it in a grocery store, and his uncle being called in, after a little corporal punishment had been administered, the little fellow was induced to tell that he got it of the Driscoll boy, who told him he got it from Kurst, who would pay them two cents apiece for passing them. The boy Driscoll was next examined, and a dollar's worth of the queer was found in his possession. He, however, stoutly maintained that he found the money on Penn avenue, and that it was not given him by Kurst at all. His mother, however, say she don't believe him. The little boy Long says that Driscoll told him Kurst made the money at his house, a good deal of which was passed on street car conductors.

The Coal Miners.

All the miners employed in the coal works at Pool No. 1, on the Monongahela river, it is said have resumed work, while the miners of Moore, Armstrong & Bigley, on the Connellsville railroad have shut down. The miners at Hays Bros. works and Haberman's, who turned out on Friday last, resumed work on Monday, it is the understanding that they would continue on till the meeting of the Committee on Arbitration, which may or may not be very soon—the Coal Exchange not having appointed their committee as yet. Of course the miners have all turned in at the old prices, and to those prices the operators propose to adhere. The river is full of coal, and in case of a rise there is sufficient to furnish each tow boat with two trips. Knowing this the operators manifested little concern in regard to the course of the diggers, informing them, however, that the prospect for steady work for the whole summer, at the old prices, was good, and that any other arrangement would cause a shutting down with the present supply of coal is exhausted. In this dilemma the miners accepted the lesser evil and at present the works in pool No. 1 are in active operation.

Pittsburgh and Allegheny Letter Carrier's Reports.

The following is the report of the Pittsburgh letter carriers for the month of June, just closed:

	Mail Letters.	Drop Letters.	Papers.
Delivered	169,624	22,401	67,036
Collected	117,434	20,783	7,551

Four deliveries made in the business part of the city and five collections. The last collection from the lamp post boxes is made at seven o'clock P. M.

ALLEGHENY.

The following is the amount of mail matter handled by the Allegheny letter carrier during the month of June:

DELIVERED.	
Mail Letters	62,033
Drop Letters	5,263
Postal Cards	1,315
Papers	37,291
COLLECTIONS.	
Mail Letters	27,840
Drop Letters	1,639
Postal Cards	507
Papers	2,413

Teachers Elected.

The Board of School Directors of the Third ward, of Allegheny City, have elected the following corps of teachers for the ensuing year:

Principals—Professors John Davis and J. N. Caldwell.

Assistant Principals—Mary Oglesby and Anna B. Fraser.

Grammar Department—Mary McQuigg, M. J Jones, A. E. Hunter, Lottie V. Gemmill and Eliza J. Black.

Intermediate Department—Jennette M. Adair, M. Galbraith, Sadie C. Sample, Matilda Jamison, M. E. Cooper and Annie Smith.

Primary Department—Anna V. McCracken, Charlotte Hancock, Francis Rowland, Annie Ingram, Francis R. Orr, Lizzie Peet, S. Neeley, M. E. Long, Lizzie Weaver, Mary Royal, Annette J. Black, M. C. Hardman, S. C. Lysle.

Penmanship—Eva Ernest.

Substitute—E. Reimensnyder.

At a meeting of the Oakland School Board held last evening, the following teachers were re-elected for the ensuing year:

SOHO BUILDING.

Principal—J. P. Andrews.

Grammar Department—M. G. Louden, M. H. Hardie, Sadie J. Vaux.

Intermediate Department—H. M. Mathews, S. E. Bair, Ella Cunningham.

Primary Department—C. A. McClaren, Emma Gray, Jennie Troop, Vinnie B. Harvey.

Training Teacher—Kate L. Anderson.

BELLEFIELD BUILDING.

Principal—W. F. Wilson.

Grammar Department—Fannie Rutledge.

Intermediate Department—Anna Jack, Amelia Tutell.

Primary Department—Martha McMaster, Annie Ross, Annie Conrad.

The following teachers were elected for the ensuing year for Franklin School.

Principal, Dan'l C. Holmes.

Grammar Department, Miss C. S. Davis, Miss M. J. McCa[illegible], Miss [illegible] Brown, Miss M. A. Coleman, Miss [illegible]. Sheppard, Primary, Miss S. A. Leech, Miss Mary Fleming, Miss A. E. Hutchinson, Miss E. A. Borland, Miss [illegible] Miss I. V. Joffray, Miss E. M. Kencaid. Substitutes, Miss Martha Hill.

The Second ward has elected the following corps of teachers for the ensuing year.

Principal, J. C. Tuttle.

Male Grammar Department, Miss Eliza Male Grammar Department. Miss Female Grammar Department. Miss Mary J. Thompson. Male Intermediate Department, Miss Jane B. Wilkinson. Female Intermediate Department, Miss A. Curry. Male Senior Primary Department, Miss Mary Renwick. Male Junior Primary Department, Miss Belle Barnes. Female Senior Primary Department, Miss Rachel B. Fowler. Female Junior Primary Department, Miss A. D. Marshall.

In the Fourth ward North Side, Sub-District Miss Althea E. Reno, Principal, and the old corps of teachers re-elected, and the vacancy in room No. 2 was filled by the election of Mrs. Mary E. Johnson.

THE VICTIM OF WHISKY.

Another Death from Intemperance.

Coroner West yesterday held an inquest on the body of Adam Wempler who had died rather suddenly at Schaffer's tavern on the South Side. The deceased had been in the employ of J. N. Schaffer, and for some time past he had been drinking to excess. Monday afternoon he took sick and died about eleven o'clock that night. The jury rendered a verdict of "death from excessive drinking." Deceased was a widower forty years of age. He leaves two children residing in Germany.

Great Closing Out Sale at
HOUGH & HACKE'S,
5th Ave. and Market St.

SUNDAY'S ALLEGHENY TRAGEDY.

The Inquest in the case of the Death of Harry Young—Other Parties implicated—Warrants for them Issued—The Verdict.

Yesterday morning the inquest in the case of the child Harry Young who was killed on Sunday last, was resumed at the Coroner's office. The Commonwealth was represented by Maj. A. M. Brown and Mr. W. D. Moore appeared for the accused, Giles A. Foulkes. The evidence adduced is as follows: The first witness called was Thos. Christian. He testified as follows: Reside in Third ward, Allegheny; was standing in George Moss' yard when

THE STUMP ROLLED DOWN;

Heard a racket, and saw the stump roll down the hill; and saw three children playing below, and warned them to run; they did run but the stump overtook one of them and ran over him; witness picked the child up, and the only signs of life was a slight movement of the lip; the stump rolled up the embankment about thirty feet, and then took a diagonal direction towards Mr. Moss' house; it struck the boy when it was returning. Witness saw no stones coming down the hill before the stump came; didn't see any boys on the side of the hill except the three children referred to. The stump measured about four and a half feet each way; did not see any of the parties on the hill coming down after the stump was started; could not identify the parties on the hill. In answer to questions from Major Brown, the witness stated that the child was about 400 feet from his mother's house; he tried to move the stump after he had carried the child home, but could not do it.

George Moss, sworn—Reside on Howard street; left the child with Mr. Christian, and notified Mrs. Young of the accident. The witness described the locality of the accident and stated that his own children had played there but a few minutes before. He corroborated the testimony of the previous witness.

THE STUMP WAS TOO HEAVY

to have been rolled by one man.

Isabella Smith, sworn—Reside at No. 97 Hemlock street; we were sitting on the hillside; saw some boys and one man on the hill who were rolling stones down; they tried for an hour to loosen a stump on the brow of the hill; after they had succeeded in starting it lodged against a tree, they gave it another start and it came down the hill; a few minutes afterwards Mr. Mason told me a boy had been killed; there was only one man, but a number of boys. The Coroner asked witness if she could identify the prisoner, but she could not say that she could. Witness continued: The boys went away but the man staid quite a spell.

Martha Smith was the next witness sworn, and corroborated substantially the previous witness' testimony. She stated that the boys comprised up with a board by one man, assisted by five or six boys. She thought they could have seen the children playing below; she could not identify the parties who started the stump.

George Mason was examined, but his testimony elicited nothing new, except to substantiate the other witnesses' testimony, and that he identified the prisoner as the man who was moving the stump, having been acquainted with him for four years; it was he who got the board to aid in prying out the stump; the party could not see where the children were playing; they could not see Moss' house.

Officer Jerry Smith, testified to arresting Foulkes, and that he stated he would not have left his home but he thought a mob was after him, and he did not wish to fall into their hands; he also said he would have surrendered himself on Federal street, but did not see an officer.

Andrew McGibbon, sworn—Am fourteen years of age; saw the stump go down the hill; had left Mrs. Smith to go to the country to get a drink; saw the stump go over the little boy; that is the man (the prisoner) who helped to start the log; did not see any person go down the hill to tell the people to get out of the way; Wm. McGibbon and Bob Tiel were in the party who rolled the stump.

William McGibbon, a lad aged nine years, stated in answer to the several questions put to him, that Mr. Foulkes sent him down the hill to tell the boys to get out of the road; told him to go down and see if there were any boys there; told the boys to get out of the way; they said, "you know us, if any of us get hurt it will be our blame." The stump was started about twenty minutes afterward; could not see the boys from where the stump was; John Moore was working at the stump too; Mr. Foulkes was the only man there; there were eight or nine boys down the hill, catching crabs in the run; told Mr. Foulkes when I came back that the boys hadn't gone away; went back again and

HALLOOED AT THE BOYS;

They didn't answer me; when I returned the stump was at the tree.

John Moore, sworn—Am sixteen years of age; reside at No. 258 Jackson street, Allegheny; I had gone to visit Mr. Foulkes on Sunday, and took a field glass with me, in order to get a view of the city from the hill; it was thought that to roll the stump down would be good fun. He then gave a description of how they worked to loosen the stump, and how it came to lodge against a tree; could not tell whether Mr. Foulkes assisted or not to loosen it from the tree; could not see any houses in the hollow from whence the stump was started; could see a house at the foot of the hill, but the stump did not go in that direction until it rebounded toward Mr. Foulkes send the boys down the hill to warn people away; when the boys said they wouldn't go, he sent them back; when the stump started a second time did not know whether the boys were there or not.

Mrs. McGibbons, sworn—Saw the boy go down the hill and notify the boys in the hollow by shouting at them; also saw them go down the second time and the stump start; then sent and call to them; the boys were about half way up the hill when the stump came down.

Dr. John Kirker, who attended the boy, testified as to the extent of his injuries.

THE VERDICT.

This being the last witness, the room was cleared, and the jury, after deliberating for some time, rendered the following verdict:

"That Harry Young, the deceased, came to his death from injuries received by a stump which was rolled down a hill in the Seventh ward, Allegheny, and that Giles A. Foulkes, John Moore, and others, unknown to the jury were criminally negligent in rolling said stump down the hill."

The testimony having shown that Moore was implicated in rolling the stump, Coroner West issued a warrant for his arrest, and will also issue warrants for the arrest of the other parties implicated.

The Foulkes and John Moore waived a hearing before Mayor Callow last evening, and were held for trial, bail being refused.

POLICE COMMITTEE.

Regular Meeting Last Night—The Difficulty With the Fire Commissioners—The Mayor's Monthly Report.

A regular monthly meeting of the Police Committee was held last night in the Mayor's office.

A number of bills were referred to a special committee of examination, and several reports from sub-committees were heard and approved.

Mr. Zern, from the sub-committee appointed to confer with the Fire Commission in relation to the severing of the connection between the Fire Alarm telegraph and the police duties of the Twelfth and Seventeenth wards reported on behalf of the committee. After a few facetious prefatory remarks about finding the Fire Commissioners in their room, like Modocs in their natural beds, he gave an account of the conference which was the same in substance as was at the time published in the GAZETTE. On motion the report was received and the committee discharged.

Mr. Duff in a speech of considerable length told how the ordinance creating the Fire Commission was passed. At the time it was enacted he predicted that a conflict between the two departments would ensue if they had joint possession of the wire.

Mr. Watson said he trusted that no member of the Police committee would favor the erection of a separate wire. The Fire Commission in his opinion ought to be abolished and the whole matter referred to a committe of Councils. A motion made by him that a committee be appointed to wait upon the City Solicitor and get his opinion, in regard to the right of the Fire Commission to cut the telegraph from the police dials was carried.

Messrs. Chalmers and Loughran favored the erection of a separate wire for the benefit of the police.

On Motion Messrs. Jeremy, Chalmers and Harris were appointed to make an investigation into certain charges preferred against persons in the Mayor's office, who, it is alleged, charge the policemen more for their clothes than they actually cost.

Mr. James S. Patterson, Mayor's clerk, submitted the following report for the month of June:

RECEIPTS.	
Fines and forfeitures	$ 3,838 10
Jail and work-house receipts	658 60
Police fees	571 85
Dramatic license	120 00
	$5,187 95

The receipts for the corresponding month last year were $3,565.15, showing an increase of $1,622.80.

The police pay roll for June, amounting to $16,649 12 and office bills footing up $357.68 were approved and the committee adjourned.

COWARDLY CONDUCT.

A Man While in the Custody of an Officer is Assaulted with a Brick—Arrest of the Perpetrator.

Last evening about half-past six o'clock a dispute arose between two young men named Charles McGarvey and Henry Pyne at Chadwick's, No. 9 Wood street. It appears that the two were at supper, when a child entered the room. Pyne told the child to get a plate, when, as it appears, McGarvey took exception to his remark and told him to mind his own business. The landlord was sitting at the table at the time, and he told McGarvey that the conversation was not addressed to him, and to be quiet. McGarvey then, it is alleged by Pyne, took a table knife and threatened to cut him. He afterwards threw a tea-cup at him and then a loaf of bread. The landlord ordered McGarvey out; he went out on to the street and was arrested by officer George F. Alstadt. While he was in the custody of the officer, Pyne came out, and with a brick, dealt him a fearful blow over the head, causing the blood to spout in a large stream down his head. The officer then let go McGarvey and took Pyne, who has lost a leg, into custody. He then brought them to the lock-up, where Pyne was placed in a cell to await a hearing this morning. McGarvey was placed in a chair and Dr. M'Coy summoned. The the physician promptly responded, and he found upon examination that the injuries inflicted were very severe. The skull was laid open on top, and a gash made about two inches long. He carefully dressed the wounds and ordered the man taken to the Mercy Hospital, as he was prostrated by the shock to his system, and the injury might result fatal.

Cholera may be prevented by the judicious use of DR. HARRIS' CRAMP CURE.

To Prevent Cholera.

The men at one of our largest rolling mills have adopted the plan of putting a bottle of DR. HARRIS' CRAMP CURE in a bucket of water, and taking a cup full three or four times daily. They find it a sure prevention of diseases incident to the warm weather.

The plan might with advantage be adopted at other similar establishments.

At the mill referred to we are told that not a single case of cholera morbus, diarrhœa or Dysentery occured during last summer.

BREVITIES.

····On Sunday evening a child of Mr. Porter, of Martin's Ferry, was drowned in a pit dug in the rear of her father's house.

····A meeting of the committee on the First ward contested election case has been called for Thursday evening to consider the propriety of making a report to Councils.

····There will be music in the Allegheny park to-morrow evening, if the weather is fine. The Great Western Band have arranged an artistic programme for the occasion.

·····Two freight trains collided near Mingo station on the Pan Handle road yesterday morning. Several cars and the locomotive were somewhat damaged, but nobody was hurt. Traffic was delayed for some time.

····Our readers contemplating leaving the city would do well to consult the summer timetables of the respective roads, as many changes of arrivals and departures of trains are announced in our advertising columns.

····The *Daily Derrick*, published at Oil City, has donned a handsome new dress, and makes a decidedly neat appearance. The *Derrick* deserves success and we are pleased to note the fact that it is receiving it to a good degree.

····The new hotel at Hayesville was formally opened last evening. A large number of invited guests were present, from Pittsburgh and the surrounding country, and everything passed off to the entire satisfaction of the management and visitors.

····Leonidas Lodge K. of P., at its last regular meeting, elected the following officers for the ensuing year: C. C., Dr. D. F. Pennington; V. C., Wm. J. France; P., Dr. W. S. Yates; M. of F., W. H. Murphy; M. of E., A. W. Rook; K. of C., K. of R. and S., J. Beckert, Jr.; B. to G. L., A. W. Rook, P. C.

····Two wharf rats named Wm. Palmer and Joe Miller were arrested yesterday by officer Stemmler on a charge of stealing tea, coffee, sugar, rope, &c., from boat stores. It is said they belong to a gang of river rats who own a boat house along the bank of the river. Warrants are out for the balance of the crew.

····The inquest in the drowning case of the boy John Cass was concluded before the Coroner yesterday. Nothing new from what has been previously reported was developed. The boys who were with him on Sunday were found, but their statements elicited no new facts. A verdict of "accidental drowning" was rendered.

·····Officer Smith, of the South Side, yesterday, arrested two children named Roach, they being in a beastly state of intoxication. The oldest is only eleven years of age and the youngest but seven. Their parents reside on Sixteenth street. It is not known where they obtained the liquor, but it is thought they got it on this side, as they were observed going over the suspension bridge.

PERSONAL.

···Hon. William A. Harlan, Washington, D. C., was registered at the Union Depot Hotel last evening.

···Officers Samuel Paisley and David J. Stewart, having resigned the police force, leave here on Thursday for New York, from whence they sail on Saturday, in the White Star Line Steamer Baltic, for Europe.

···Hon. R. H. Cain, Congressman at large elect from South Carolina, called at our sanctum yesterday. Mr. Cain is a dark-colored man—native of Virginia, but raised principally in Ohio, where he received his education at the Wilberforce University. For five or six years past he has edited and published at Charleston the *Missionary Record*, a neat, well edited and typographically perfect sheet of sixteen columns, showing us a copy of this paper, Mr. Cain surprised us by stating that the type and pressework had all been executed by four colored boys, trained by himself. Judging from the appearance and intelligence of these boys, and from what Professor Neale tells us of him, we are prepared to hear of him in the councils of the nation as a thoughtful and wise legislator, whom it would be well if many white members we wot of would adopt for a model.

Mr. Cain is a clergyman of the M. E. Church, and if his stay shall be prolonged in the city, will afford our people an opportunity to hear him from the pulpit.

POLICE PARAGRAPHS.

Brief Mention of Criminalities.

OFFICER Junk last evening arrested a man on Main street, Allegheny, whom he caught abusing his wife.

MICHAEL CANNAN for beating and drawing a revolver on his wife, was fined fifty dollars and costs by the Ally Mayor yesterday.

A MAN named Boyle before Alderman Thomas is charged by Bridget Ryan with having a ferocious dog that bit her son. Warrant issued.

JOHN O'LEARY has made an information of surety of the peace against William Chambers, before Alderman McMasters. He alleges that defendant threatened to soften his head. Warrant issued.

MARY EVERLY and Anna Shriver, before Alderman D. L. Smith, of Allegheny, have made informations against their husbands, charging them with abandonment and desertion. Warrants issued.

JEREMIAH J. WREN, yesterday made an information before Alderman McMasters, charging James Dugan with the larceney of a stone mason's hammer and trowel. The defendant was arrested and gave bail for a hearing.

OFFICERS McCURRY and Barr yesterday had a lively chase after the man who pushed been annoying the people of the Third and Fifth Wards, Allegheny, by his indecent actions for the past three months. He was arrested last evening and gave his name as John Mansfield.

MAYOR CALLOW'S historical curiosity while performing their duty in ordering David Hutchison, Alderman Sixth ward, to locomote, who was so unfortunate as to receive a sprained knee and ankle by being thrown from his carriage. We are pleased to state the Alderman is improving as rapidly as could be expected and will soon be able to dispense with Auxiliers.

AGNES SANDERS charges Ellen Jones with practicing with a club upon her head till the blood streamed down her back in torrents. She lives to make an information against Ellen before Alderman McMasters, charging her with assault and battery. Ellen Jones, all irate at the swearing of Agnes Sanders, has made a counter charge before the same Alderman charging her and her husband, John Sanders, the former with assault and battery and the latter with felonious assault and battery. The parties were all arrested. They reside in Cunningham's Court. Ellen Jones gave bail for Court, while John and Agnes Sanders were remanded to jail for trial in default of bail.

MEETING OF THE BROTHERHOOD OF LOCOMOTIVE ENGINEERS.

Resolutions of Thanks.

At a meeting of Division 50 of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, Messrs. F. Fleak and Wash. McCartney, Committee on Resolutions, reported as follows, the same being unanimously adopted and publicatian requested:

WHEREAS, The members of Division 50, B. of L. E., are desirous of expressing their grateful sense of the kindness shown them by their well-wishers and friends, upon the occasion of the celebration of their annual re-union in the grove of Hulton, June 21; therefore be it

Resolved, That we tender our thanks to the gentlemanly and public-spirited officers of the P. R. R., and A. V. R. R. Companies, to whose kindness we are indebted for leave of absence and free transportation.

Resolved, That our grateful acknowledgements are due Messrs. D. O. Shaver and Geo. Glass, Master Mechanics, respectively, of the P. R. R. and A. V. R. R. for favors shown us.

Resolved, That we endorse conductor Wench and engineer Cyphers as model railroaders, who spare neither courtesy nor pains to promote the comfort and ensure the safety of passengers entrusted to their care.

Resolved, That we hold in appreciative remembrance the hospitality and kind attentions of our friends and well-wishers of Hulton.

Oil Regions.

A LARGE well has been struck on the Montgomery farm, between Karns City and Millerstown. It is flowing and reported as being a big well.

COOPER Brothers have made another strike on the Riddle farm, at Karns City. The well started to flow on Tuesday evening and is regarded as a good one.

A NEW well on the Riddle farm, near Karns City, began flowing on Friday at the rate of about 200 barrels. Owned by Captain Grace and Sam. Longwell.

THE Widow Nolan farm, 150 acres, two miles below Karns City was sold Thursday to S. D. Karns and J Gisly, at $150 per acre. A well on the farm is doing 100 barrels. The original owner reserved all timber and coal.

For some time a movement has been on foot in the lower oil region to raise stock to build a railroad between Parker City and Karns City, and a sufficient amount now having been received, ten per cent of which has been paid in, the company has organized and the work of building will be commenced at once. One hundred and fifty thousand is subscribed.

Extensive Marble Works.

The steam marble works of Messrs. Beggs & Lindsey, Nos. 63, 65 and 67 Anderson street, Allegheny, have unequaled capacity and facilities for supplying the heaviest demand for their manufactures. They have workmen of the highest degree of skill and experience. They use the very best material, and, as a consequence, their work recommends itself. They have on hand some beautiful specimens of Italian and statuary marbles; also, Red Tennessee, French, Scotch and Spanish colored marbles, in great profusion, beauty of finish and variety of design. They are the exclusive manufacturers of these in this city. Added to these is an extensive assortment of granite and marble monuments and tombstones, of exquisite beauty and artistic finish. For a good, well finished article, at a fair price, you should call on Messrs. Beggs & Lindsey.

For Good

Taffies, Cream Candies,
Cream Chocolates, Cream Bon Bons,
Assorted Candies, Lozenges,
Colts Foot Rock,
Dates, Figs, Raisins,
Nuts, Pickles, Sauces,
Catsups, Limes, Olives, Marmalades,
Preserves, Jams, Syrups,
Capers Curry Powder,
Liquid Rennet,
Extracts,
Mustards, Tamarinds,
Truffles, French Mushrooms,
Potted Meats, Extract of Beef,
Fresh and Spiced Oysters, Lobsters,
Mackerel, Salmon,
Condensed Milk,
Clover Honey, Olive Oil,
Canton Ginger,
Essence of Shrimps, Anchovies and Paste,
call at

GEORGE BEAVER'S,
112 Federal street.

The stock is always fresh and of the very first quality.

Canned Goods are being sold at the lowest prices.

Ice Cream put in boxes, at Blair's, 62 Fifth avenue.

Potted Meats of all kinds, Sardines, best brands Sauces, Pickles, Ketchup.
At 62 Fifth avenue.

P. T. BARNUM.

TO THE PUBLIC.

A rumor,—originating with, and industriously circulated by unscrupulous showmen,—having gained some credence, that I would divide my Great Traveling Exhibition on leaving Boston, I beg to state that such an idea has never been entertained for a moment. The vast enterprise, involving a cost of *one million five hundred thousand dollars*,—is the crowning event of my managerial life, and, although acting against the advice of many experienced showmen, I shall adhere to my determination to keep the monster combination intact during the entire season.

The public's obedient servant,

P. T. BARNUM.

"NAKED AND YE CLOTHED ME."

Tobias to the Relief—The Greatest Sale of the Season—$50,000 Worth of Goods Sacrificed—The Whole to be Closed Out by July 15—Men and Boys Now's the Time.

It is very easy to advise a man to dress well, but it is quite another thing for him to do it in these days of exorbitant prices unless he comes to Pittsburgh and takes advantage of the marvellous bargains now being offered by Tobias at Big 13. Read and be convinced.

Summer Suits, all wool, $8,50, worth $15.
Business Suits, $8,50, worth $15.
Scotch Suits, $10, worth $20.
Fine Cashmere Suits $12, worth $20.
Silk Mixed Suits $12, worth $20.
Blue Cloth Suits $15, worth $30.
Black Cloth Suits $15, worth $30.
Brown Cloth Suits $15, worth $30.
Blue Diagonal Suits $18, worth $30
Diagonal Coat and Vest $12, worth $20.
Mohair Suits $10, worth $18.
Black Do-skin Pants $5, worth $10
Business Pants and Vests at $7, worth $12.
All Wool Light Buts. Pants $4, worth $8.
Black and White Check Pants, out at $5, price elsewhere $10.
Striped Coat $1.
White Vests at half price.
Fine Dress Suits $20, worth $40.
Best Suits for Pic-nics at $15, worth $30.
Excursion Suits at $9.
Seashore Suits $10.
Suits for Youths at $7.50, price elsewhere $15.
Suits for Youths, all wool $9, price elsewhere $18.
Nine suits for Youths $12, dealers price elsewhere $20.
Boys' Suits at $5, price elsewhere $8.
Boys' Suits at $6 50 price elsewhere $12.
Cloth Suits for Boys $8.00, price elsewhere $10.

Remember all goods must be sold, regardless of cost. All goods must be sold by the 15th of July. All I ask is only a visit from the people, so they can see what prices they have got to pay for clothing and how much lower they can buy it at Big 13, Sixth street; save at least 40 per cent. All I ask is a call for inspection, and I know you will go home and get money to buy with, if you have not got it with you.

There is also a large stock of fine piece goods, and two cutters to take your measure and guarantee a good suit at 40 per cent. lower than elsewhere.

Call and see the fine suit you can get made at Big 13 for $25, $30 and $35.

All imported goods are used only in the Custom Department.

All short coat goods will be sold at half price; Alpaca Coats from $2 upwards.

Linens very low, having been overstocked on account of the season setting so late. I have more goods on hand than at any former season, and being heavy in debt, I am about to sell all my stock out to pay my debts. I would ask every lady to call before purchasing elsewhere. Remember the goods must be sold or else I will have them sold for me, and I would rather give my customers the benefit of my misery.

This is a regular *bona fide* closing out sale. All the goods must be sold, and July 15 is the limit. The sale will commence to day, and the stock will be closed out as fast as possible. Such a grand opportunity to get clothing at half price and put what is saved in the bank, ought to be improved by every wise man. Call at Big 13 and be convinced of what I can do for you.

T. TOBIAS,
Big 13, Sixth street.

A Rush for Concert Tickets at Louisville.

As the grand Gift Concert in aid of the Public Library of Kentucky at Louisville draws near, there is a rush for tickets at the home office.

But four days remain in which to obtain tickets and the excitement is on the increase rather than abating as heretofore. Agents will not be tickets enough to supply the demand and many who have put off the day will be disappointed.

The money is all in bank to pay full prizes. Who will be the lucky parties?

The prizes range from $100,000, $50,000, $25,000, $20,000, $10,000, down to $10. If persons who want tickets are not on the lookout, they will be too late. Saturday evening, 5th instant, will be the last chance.

Closing Out Sale of
Suits, Cloaks, Polonaises and Redingotes at
HOUGH & HACKE'S,
Fifth Ave. and Market St.

Prompt Payment of County Taxes Saves Five Per Cent.

Tax-payers having to settle with County Treasurer Kilgore would do well to remember that they can save themselves five per cent. by striking a balance and settling at his office before the 1st of August. On and after that date the five per cent. additional will go on, so that it is to the interest of citizens to call at the Court House before that time and satisfy the demands entered against their names upon the books. 10

Mr. Blair makes a specialty of fine candies of all kinds.

Summer Silks.

Extraordinary bargains at Hugus & Hacke's great closing out sale,
Fifth Ave. and Market St.

Oranges, Lemons, Bananas, Pine Apples and nuts of all kinds,
At BLAIR'S,
62 Fifth avenue.

Tobacco and Cigars.

400,000 fine seed Havana and Connecticut seed cigars; 20,000 pounds of best brands of Louisville and Virginia tobaccos; 5,000 pounds of smoking tobaccos of various brands; 100 pails of fine cut chewing, also large lot of pipes. Dealers are respectfully invited to call and examine the above stock, whether in need of goods or not. As I am desirous of closing out the entire stock in a short time, I will sell the goods at reduced prices.—salesroom No. 104 Fourth avenue. DAVID MOSS.

Chintzes, Percales and Grenadines.

Great bargains in the above at Hugus & Hacke's closing out sale,
Fifth Ave. and Market St.

Private families, wishing to have Ice Cream for the Fourth will please leave their orders as soon as possible at
KINDER BLAIR'S,
62 Fifth avenue.

Dr. Harris' Cramp Cure gives immediate relief in all cases of cholera cramps, &c.

Dress Goods,
at an immense reduction in price at Hugus & Hacke's great closing out sale,
Fifth Ave. and Market St.

ADDITIONAL MARKETS.

LIVE STOCK.

WATERTOWN, July 1.—Beef—Cattle: receipts 842; demand for western cattle active; sales made at full rates; sales of choice at $4@$5.25; extra $5@5.75; first quality $4@$4.62; second $3@$3.50; third $2@$3.50. Sheep and lambs: receipts 5,181; poor market for old sheep at a decline of 50c; good lambs 50c higher; sales in lots of wool sheep at 3@3½c; extra 5@5½c; spring lambs 9@11½c.

CHICAGO, July 1.—Cattle: receipts to-day 2,677; market fairly active, chiefly for cow grades, and prices strong, with sales of good to extra at $5.25@6.25; with common to fair at $4@4.75; bulls $3@4.15; stockers 1,827. Hogs: receipts to-day 8,469; market fairly active, but firm and 5c higher; sales at $4.20@4.60 for common to choice; shipments 4,725.

DISCIPLINE THE LIVER.

The liver is truly an "unruly member." Sometimes it is torpid and secretes too slowly, at other times it is unnaturally active and sends forth a perfect freshet of bile. Regulate this organ with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, with colored or blue mass, mineral cathartics, in stimulating the liver, you rouse the blood, and their ultimate effect is terrible. The Bitters, on the other hand, have a vitalizing and purifying, as well as a stimulating effect. They not only regulate the flow of bile, but infuse new life into the whole system. A good appetite and perfect digestion, a regular, natural habit of body, a sound condition of the nervous system, vivacity of spirits, increased bodily strength and power of endurance are the results following and among the blessings they promote. The temperature of summer is a severe tax upon the digestive and secretive organs, and the Bitters are never more indispensable than at this period of the year.

MARRIED.

SHAFFER—CHAPMAN—June 26th, 1873, at the residence of the bride's parents, in East Mauch Chunk, Pa., by Rev. G. C. Griswold, J. S. SHAFFER, of Elizabeth, Pa., and Miss GRACE CHAPMAN. No cards.

DIED.

FOLLANSBEE—On Saturday evening, June 28th, 1873, at Montgomery, Ala., Mrs. ELIZABETH FOLLANSBEE, in the 79th year of her age.

Funeral will take place from the residence of her son, Gilbert Follansbee, 25 Fifth street (late Pitt) on WEDNESDAY MORNING, July 2d, at 10 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

ALEXANDER AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, 67 and 69 FOURTH AVENUE. Orders for all kinds, Shrouds, Crape, Gloves, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Agent for Raymond & Co.'s Patent Metallic Burial Cases, to be open day and night. Hearses and Carriages furnished.

RODY PATTERSON, Jr.,
UNDERTAKER,
117 FOURTH AVENUE. Coffins and Funeral Furnishing Goods of every description. Terms cash.

AT A PRICE WITHIN THE REACH of all, CHARLES' AIR-TIGHT BURIAL CASES, warranted air-tight. For sale at my Undertaking Rooms, No. 131 Pennsylvania avenue, Allegheny City, Pa. Rights for sale. ISAAC CHARLES.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Oldest Ins. Co. in America,
ASSETS, $3,212,175.90.
Insurance Co. of North America
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Losses adjusted and paid by
WM. L. JONES, 84 Fourth ave.

PLANTS! FLOWERS!
Greenhouse and Bedding Plants.
VERBENAS, ROSES, HELIOTROPES, DAHLIAS, GLADIOLUS, &c., &c., Wholesale and Retail.
EXCELSIOR LAWN MOWERS.
Cut Flowers in every design. For sale by
JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH,
my19-d88 129 Smithfield street.

PRESERVING SUGARS.—75 BARRELS Yellow and White Refined, Crushed and Pulverized Sugars just received and for sale at reduced prices by the barrel or at retail at the Family Grocery Store of
J. & J. RENSHAW & CO.,
Corner of Liberty and Ninthstreets.
je12

PITTSBURGH LETTER LIST.

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